

# Threading Machine Manual

# 535 Manual Pipe and Bolt Threading Machine



# A WARNING!

Read this Operator's Manual carefully before using this tool. Failure to understand and follow the contents of this manual may result in electrical shock, fire and/or serious personal injury.

Français – 15

· Castellano - pág. 33



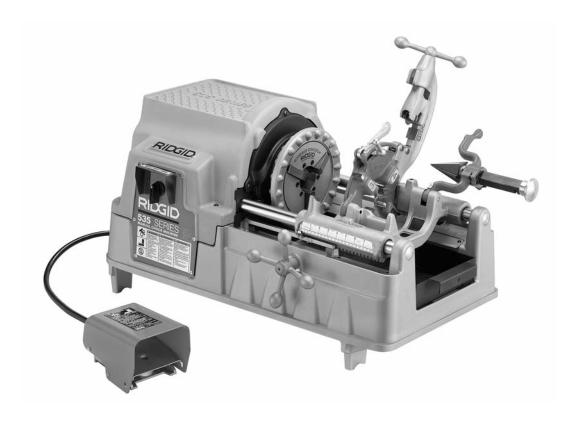


# **Table of Contents**

General Safety Information	
Work Area Safety	
Electrical Safety	
Personal Safety	
Tool Use and Care	
Service	3
Specific Safety Information	
Foot Switch Safety	
Machine Safety	3
Description, Specifications and Standard Equipment	
Description	
Specifications	
Standard Equipment	4
Machine Assembly	
Mounting Machine to Stand	
Mounting Machine to Bench	5
Machine Inspection	5
Machine and Work Area Set-Up	6
Operation Using Machine-Mounted Tools	
Installing Pipe In Threading Machine	7
Cutting Pipe with No. 820 Cutter	
Reaming Pipe with No. 341 Reamer	
Threading Pipe or Rod with Quick-Opening, Self-Opening or Semi-Automatic Die Head	8
Removing Pipe From the Threading Machine	
Left Hand Threading	9
Installing Dies in Quick-Opening Die Head (Right Hand & Left Hand)	9
Installing Dies in Self-Opening Die Head (Right Hand Only)	9
Installing Dies in Model 816/817 Die Heads	
Checking Thread LengthPriming Oil Pump	
· ·	1 1
Accessories	
Accessories For Threading Machine	
Die Heads and Dies	12
Maintenance Instructions	10
Lubrication	
Oil System Maintenance	
Motor Brush Replacement	
Machine Storage	
Service and Repair	
Wiring Diagrams	
	Pack Cover
I ITATIMA Warranty	HOOV L'OVO



# 535 Manual Pipe and Bolt Threading Machine





# 535 Manual Pipe and Bolt Threading Machine

Record Serial Number below and retain product serial number which is located on nameplate.

Serial No.





# **General Safety Information**

WARNING! Read and understand all instructions. Failure to follow all instructions listed below may result in electric shock, fire, and/or serious personal injury.

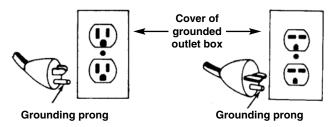
# **SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS!**

# **Work Area Safety**

- Keep your work area clean and well lit. Cluttered benches and dark areas invite accidents.
- Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases, or dust. Tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.
- Keep bystanders, children, and visitors away while operating a tool. Distractions can cause you to lose control.
- Keep floors dry and free of slippery materials such as oil. Slippery floors invite accidents.
- Guard or barricade the area when work piece extends beyond machine. A guard or barricade that provides a minimum of three (3) feet clearance around the work piece will reduce the risk of entanglement.

# **Electrical Safety**

 Grounded tools must be plugged into an outlet, properly installed and grounded in accordance with all codes and ordinances. Never remove the grounding prong or modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter plugs. Check with a qualified electrician if you are in doubt as to whether the outlet is properly grounded. If the tool should electrically malfunction or break down, grounding provides a low resistance path to carry electricity away from the user.



- Avoid body contact with grounded surfaces. There is an increased risk of electrical shock if your body is grounded.
- Don't expose electrical tools to rain or wet conditions. Water entering a tool will increase the risk of electrical shock.

- Do not abuse cord. Never use the cord to carry the tools or pull the plug from an outlet. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges or moving parts. Replace damaged cords immediately. Damaged cords increase the risk of electrical shock.
- When operating a power tool outside, use an outdoor extension cord marked "W-A" or "W". These cords are rated for outdoor use and reduce the risk of electrical shock.
- Use only three-wire extension cords which have three-prong grounding plugs and three-pole receptacles which accept the tool's plug. Use of other extension cords will not ground the tool and increase the risk of electrical shock.
- Use proper extension cords. (See chart.) Insufficient conductor size will cause excessive voltage drop and loss of power.

Minii	Minimum Wire Gauge for Extension Cord						
Nameplate Amps	Total Length (in feet)						
	0 – 25	0 - 25   26 - 50   51 - 100					
0 – 6	18 AWG	16 AWG	16 AWG				
6 – 10	18 AWG	16 AWG	14 AWG				
10 – 12	16 AWG	16 AWG 16 AWG					
12 – 16	14 AWG	12 AWG	NOT RECOMMENDED				
16 – 20	12 AWG	10 AWG	NOT RECOMMENDED				

 Keep all electric connections dry and off the ground. Do not touch plugs or tool with wet hands. Reduces the risk of electrical shock.

# **Personal Safety**

- Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating a power tool. Do not use tool while tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol, or medications. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.
- Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Contain long hair. Keep your hair, clothing, and gloves away from moving parts. Loose clothes, jewelry, or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
- Avoid accidental starting. Be sure switch is OFF before plugging in. Carrying tools with your finger on the switch or plugging in tools that have the switch ON invites accidents.
- Remove adjusting keys before turning the tool ON. A wrench or a key that is left attached to a rotating part of the tool may result in personal injury.
- Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and bal-





- **ance at all times.** Proper footing and balance enables better control of the tool in unexpected situations.
- Use safety equipment. Always wear eye protection.
   Dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat, or hearing protection must be used for appropriate conditions.

# **Tool Use and Care**

- Do not use tool if switch does not turn it ON or OFF. Any tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.
- Disconnect the plug from the power source before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing the tool. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the tool accidentally.
- Store idle tools out of the reach of children and other untrained persons. Tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
- Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, and any other condition that may affect the tool's operation. If damaged, have the tool serviced before using. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained tools.
- Use only accessories that are recommended for your tool. Accessories that may be suitable for one tool may become hazardous when used on another tool.
- Keep handles dry and clean; free from oil and grease. Allows for better control of the tool.

# **Service**

- Tool service must be performed only by qualified repair personnel. Service or maintenance performed by unqualified repair personnel could result in injury.
- When servicing a tool, use only identical replacement parts. Follow instructions in the Maintenance
  Section of this manual. Use of unauthorized parts or
  failure to follow maintenance instructions may create a
  risk of electrical shock or injury.

# **Specific Safety Information**

# **A WARNING**

Read this operator's manual carefully before using the 535 Threading Machine. Failure to understand and follow the contents of this manual may result in electrical shock, fire and/or serious personal injury.

Call the Ridge Tool Company, Technical Service Department at (800) 519-3456 if you have any questions.

# **AWARNING** Foot Switch Safety

Using a threading machine without a foot switch increases the risk of serious injury. A foot switch provides better control by letting you shut off the motor by removing your foot. If clothing should become caught in the machine, it will continue to wind up, pulling you into the machine. Because the machine has high torque, the clothing itself can bind around your arm or other body parts with enough force to crush or break bones.

# **Machine Safety**

- Threading Machine is made to thread and cut pipe or bolt and to power roll grooving equipment. Follow instructions on proper use of this machine. Do not use for other purposes such as drilling holes or turning winches. Other uses or modifying this power drive for other applications may increase the risk of serious injury.
- Secure machine to bench or stand. Support long heavy pipe with pipe supports. This practice will prevent tipping.
- Do not wear gloves or loose clothing when operating machine. Keep sleeves and jackets buttoned.
   Do not reach across the machine or pipe. Clothing can be caught by the pipe or machine resulting in entanglement and serious injury.
- Operate machine from side with REV/OFF/FOR switch. Eliminates need to reach over the machine.
- Do not use this machine if the foot switch is broken or missing. Foot switch is a safety device to prevent serious injury.
- Keep hands away from rotating pipe and fittings. Stop the machine before wiping pipe threads or screwing on fittings. Allow the machine to come to a complete stop before touching the pipe or machine chucks. This practice will prevent entanglement and serious injury.
- Do not use this machine to make or break fittings.
   This practice is not an intended use of the machine and can result in serious injury.
- Tighten chuck handwheel and engage rear centering device on the pipe before turning on the machine. Prevents oscillation of the pipe.
- Keep covers in place. Do not operate the machine with covers removed. Exposure to moving parts may result in entanglement and serious injury.
- Lock foot switch when machine is not in use (Figure 1). Avoids accidental starting.





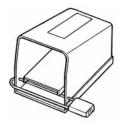


Figure 1 - Locked Foot Switch

# Description, Specifications and Standard Equipment

# **Description**

The RIDGID Model 535 Threading Machine is an electric motor-driven machine which centers and chucks pipe, conduit and rod (bolt stock) and rotates it while threading, cutting and reaming operations are performed. Left-hand or right-hand rotation can be selected with the FOR/OFF/REV switch. Threading dies are mounted in self-opening or quick-opening die heads. An automatic oiling system is provided to flood the work with thread cutting oil during threading operations. Geared Threaders can also be used with the Threading Machine to thread larger diameter pipe.

The RIDGID Model 535 Threading Machine can also be used as a power source for roll grooving equipment. Designed to attach to the carriage rail of the Threading Machine, the roll grooving equipment forms standard roll grooves on a variety of pipe sizes and materials.

# **Specifications**

Threading Capacity	.Pipe 1/8" through 2" Bolt 1/4" through 2" Geared Threaders: Pipe 21/2" through 6"
Chuck	.Speed Grip Chuck with Replaceable Jaw Inserts
Rear Centering Device	Scroll Operated, Rotates with Chuck
Operating Speed	.36 RPM or 54 RPM
Motor:	
Туре	.Universal
Horsepower	.¹/₂ HP
Volts	.120V Single Phase AC
	25-60 Hz
	(230V Available On Request)
Amps	.15 Amps (36 RPM)
	18 Amps (54 RPM)
Controls	.Rotary Type FOR/OFF/REV
	Switch & ON/OFF Foot Switch

Pump	Gerotor-Type
Cutter	No. 820 - Roll-Type Cut-Off, Self-Centering, Full Floating, Pipe – 1/8" through 2", Bolt – 1/4" through 1"
	or
	No. 821 - Blade-Type Cut-Off, Self-Centering, Full Floating, Pipe – 1/2" through 2", Dovetail-Type Cut-Off and Chamfering Tool.
Reamer	.No. 341 - Positive-Locking, 5-Flute Cone, Right Hand, ¹/₅" through 2"
Weight	260 lbs. (Less Die Head & Dies)

# Standard Equipment

# Model No. 535 Manual Threading Machine with Foot **Switch**

- 1 No. 811-A Universal Quick-Opening Die Head
- 1 No. 341 Reamer
- 1 No. 820 Cutter

- 1 Set 1/2" 3/4" Universal Alloy Dies
- 1 Set 1" 2" Universal Alloy Dies
- 1 Gallon Premium Oil
- 4 Hex Wrenches
- 1 Spare E-1032 Cutter Wheel

# **Standard Machines**

Catalog No.	Model No.	Description 115V 25-60 Hz	Cutter Model	RPM	Volt	
93787	535	1/2" - 2" NPT	820	36	115V	
96497	535	Machine Only	820	36	115V	
96502	535	1/2" - 2" NPT	820	54	115V	
	230V 25-60 Hz					
96507	535	1/2" - 2" NPT	820	36	230V	

Machines listed as 1/2" - 2" include Standard Equipment. Machine Only includes Standard Equipment less all Die Heads and Dies. All machines have 25-60 Hz Universal 1/2 HP single-phase motors.

NOTE! NPT Dies are for NPT Die heads only. BSPT Dies are for BSPT Die Heads only. Please use Catalog Item Nos. when ordering. High-Speed Dies are recommended for use with machines having an RPM of 54 or more.



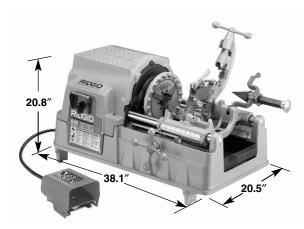


Figure 2 - No. 535 Machine Dimensions

# **Machine Assembly**

# **A WARNING**



To prevent serious injury, proper assembly of the Threading Machine is required. The following procedures should be followed:

# **Mounting Machine To Stand**

The machine is designed to mount on the three universal stands listed below.

## **Machine Stands**

Model No.	Cat. No.	Description
100A	92457	Universal Leg & Tray Stand
150A	92467	Universal Wheel & Tray Stand
200A	92462	Universal Wheel & Cabinet Stand

Figure 3

# **Mounting Machine To Bench**

If a stand is not used, the machine should be mounted to a stable bench. To mount the unit on a bench, use four (4) <sup>5</sup>/<sub>16</sub>" bolts in holes provided at each corner of machine base. Base dimensions are shown in Figure 2.

**A WARNING** Failure to mount the threading machine to a stable stand or bench may result in tipping and serious injury.

# **Machine Inspection**

# A W/



To prevent serious injury, inspect your Threading Machine. The following inspection procedures should be performed on a daily basis:

1. Make sure Threading Machine is unplugged and the directional switch is set to the OFF position (Figure 4).

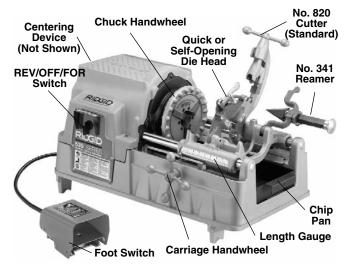


Figure 4 - No. 535 Pipe and Bolt Threading Machine

- 2. Clean the speed chuck jaws with a wire brush.
- Inspect the jaw inserts for excessive wear. Refer to the Maintenance Instructions if they need to be replaced.
- 4. Make sure the foot switch is present and attached to the Threading Machine (*Figure 4*).

**A WARNING** Do not operate the Threading Machine without a foot switch.

- Inspect the power cord and plug for damage. If the plug has been modified, is missing the grounding pin or if the cord is damaged, do not use the Threading Machine until the cord has been replaced.
- 6. Inspect the Threading Machine for any broken, missing, misaligned or binding parts as well as any other conditions which may affect the safe and normal operation of the machine. If any of these conditions are present, do not use the Threading Machine until any problem has been repaired.





- Lubricate the Threading Machine if necessary according to the Maintenance Instructions.
- 8. Use tools and accessories that are designed for your Threading Machine and meet the needs of your application. The correct tools and accessories allow you to do the job successfully and safely. Accessories designed for use with other equipment may be hazardous when used with this Threading Machine.
- Clean any oil, grease or dirt from all handles and controls. This reduces the risk of injury due to a tool or control slipping from your grip.
  - Inspect the cutting edges of your tools and dies. If necessary, have them replaced prior to using the Threading Machine. Dull or damaged cutting tools and dies can lead to binding, tool breakage and poor quality threads.
- 10. Clean metal shavings and other debris from the chip tray of the Threading Machine. Check the level and quality of the thread cutting oil. Replace or add oil if necessary. Reservoir in the base will hold approximately seven (7) quarts of thread cutting oil.
- NOTE! Thread cutting oil lubricates and cools the threads during the threading operation. A dirty or poor grade cutting oil can result in poor thread quality.
- NOTE! To drain dirty oil and properly maintain the oil system, refer to the "Maintenance Instructions".

# **Machine and Work Area Set-Up**









To prevent serious injury, proper set-up of the machine and work area is required. The following procedures should be followed to set-up the machine:

- 1. Locate a work area that has the following:
  - · Adequate lighting.
  - No flammable liquids, vapors or dust that may ignite.
  - · Grounded electrical outlet.
  - Clear path to the electrical outlet that does not contain any sources of heat or oil, sharp edges or moving parts that may damage electrical cord.
  - Dry place for machine and operator. Do not use the machine while standing in water.
  - · Level ground.

- Clean up the work area prior to setting up any equipment. Always wipe up any oil that may have splashed or dripped from the machine to prevent slips and falls.
- 3. If the workpiece extends more than four (4) feet beyond the Threading Machine, use one or more pipe stands to prevent tipping and the oscillation of the pipe.
- 4. If the workpiece extends beyond the Threading Machine, set-up guards or barricades to create a minimum of three (3) feet of clearance around the Threading Machine and workpiece. This "safety zone" prevents others from accidentally contacting the machine or workpiece and either causing the equipment to tip or becoming entangled in the rotating parts.
- 5. If necessary, fill the reservoir with RIDGID Thread Cutting Oil.
- 6. Make sure FOR/OFF/REV switch is in the OFF position.
- 7. Position the foot switch so that the operator can safely control the machine, tools and workpiece. It should allow the operator to do the following:
  - · Stand facing the directional switch.
  - · Use the foot switch with his left foot.
  - Have convenient access to the directional switch, tools and chucks without reaching across the machine.

Machine is designed for one person operation.

8. Plug the Threading Machine into the electrical outlet making sure to position the power cord along the clear path selected earlier. If the power cord does not reach the outlet, use an extension cord in good condition.

# **A WARNING**

To avoid electrical shock and electrical fires, never use an extension cord that is damaged or does not meet the following requirements:

- The cord has a three-prong plug similar to shown in Electrical Safety section.
- The cord is rated as "W" or "W-A" if being used outdoors.
- The cord has sufficient wire thickness (14 AWG below 25'/12 AWG 25' - 50'). If the wire thickness is too small, the cord may overheat, melting the cord's insulation or causing nearby objects to ignite.

**AWARNING** To reduce risk of electrical shock, keep all electrical connections dry and off the ground. Do not touch plug with wet hands.

Check the Threading Machine to insure it is operating properly.





- Flip the directional switch to FOR (Forward). Press and release the foot switch. Check that the Threading Machine rotates in a counterclockwise direction as you are facing the front chuck. Have the Threading Machine serviced if it rotates in the wrong direction or if the foot switch does not control its stopping or starting.
- Depress and hold the foot switch. Inspect the moving parts for misalignment, binding, odd noises or any other unusual conditions that may affect the safe and normal operation of the machine. If such conditions are present, have the power drive serviced.
- Flip the directional switch to REV (Reverse). Press and release the foot switch. Check that that Threading Machine rotates in a clockwise direction as you are facing the chuck.
- Release the foot switch and flip the directional switch to OFF.

# Operation Using Machine-Mounted Tools

### WARNING









Do not wear gloves or loose clothing when operating Threading Machine. Keep sleeves and jackets buttoned. Do not reach across the machine or pipe.

Do not use this Threading Machine if the foot switch is broken or missing. Always wear eye protection to protect eyes from dirt and other foreign objects.

Keep hands away from rotating pipe and fittings. Stop the machine before wiping pipe threads or screwing on fittings. Allow the machine to come to a complete stop before touching the pipe or machine chucks.

Do not use this machine to "make-on" or "break off" fittings. This practice is not an intended use of this Threading Machine.

# **Installing Pipe In Threading Machine:**

- 1. Check to insure the cutter, reamer and die head are swung to UP position.
- 2. Mark the pipe at the desired length if it is being cut to length.
- 3. Insert the pipe into the Threading Machine so that the end to be worked or the cutting mark is located about 12 inches to the front of the speed chuck jaws.

4. Insert workpieces less than 2 feet long from the front of the machine. Insert longer pipes through either end so that the longer section extends out beyond the rear of the Threading Machine.

**AWARNING** To avoid equipment tip-overs, position the pipe supports under the workpiece.

NOTE! For plastic and coated work pieces, special jaw inserts (No. 97365) should be used to prevent damaging the workpiece.

- Tighten the rear centering device around the pipe by using a counterclockwise rotation of the handwheel at the rear of the Threading Machine. This prevents movement of the pipe that can result in poor thread quality.
- 6. Secure the pipe by using repeated and forceful counterclockwise spins of the speed chuck handwheel at the front of the Threading Machine. This action "hammers" the jaws tightly around the pipe.

# **Cutting Pipe with No. 820 Cutter**

- 1. Swing reamer and die head to UP position.
- 2. Move pipe cutter DOWN onto pipe and move carriage with handwheel to line up cutter wheel with mark on pipe.

NOTE! If using length gauge on machine carriage, place cutter wheel against end of stock and set point to "0". Raise cutter to clear stock and turn carriage handwheel until pointer is at length desired.

3. Tighten cutter feed screw handle on pipe keeping wheel aligned with the pipe. (Figure 5)



Figure 5 - Cutting Pipe with 820 Cutter

4. Assume the correct operating posture.

**A WARNING** This will allow you to maintain proper balance and to safely keep control of the machine and tools.



- Be sure you can quickly remove your foot from the foot switch.
- Stand facing the directional switch.
- Be sure you have convenient access to directional switch, tools and chucks.
- Do not reach across the machine or workpiece.
- 5. Flip the directional switch to FOR (Forward).
- Grasp the pipe cutter's feedscrew handle with both hands.
- 7. Depress and hold down the foot switch with the left foot.
- 8. Tighten the feedscrew handle slowly and continuously until the pipe is cut. Do not force the cutter into the workpiece.
- Release the foot switch and remove your foot from the housing.
- 10. Swing pipe cutter back to the UP position.

# **Reaming Pipe with No. 341 Reamer**

- 1. Move reamer arm into DOWN position.
- Extend reamer by pressing latch and sliding knob toward pipe until latch engages bar.
- Check the directional switch to insure it is in the FOR (Forward) position. Depress and hold the foot switch down with left foot.
- 4. Position reamer into pipe and complete reaming by exerting pressure on handwheel. (Figure 6)
- 5. Retract reamer bar and return reamer to UP position.
- 6. Release foot switch and remove your foot from the housing.

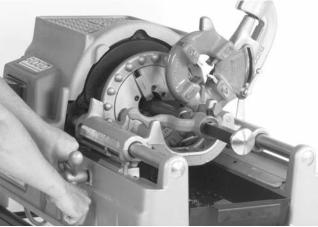


Figure 6 - Reaming with 341 Reamer

# Threading Pipe or Rod with Quick-Opening, Self-Opening or Semi-Automatic Die Head

- 1. Install die set. Refer to die installation procedure.
- 2. Swing cutter and reamer to UP position.
- 3. Swing die head to DOWN position with throwout lever set to CLOSE position.
- Check directional switch to insure it is in the FOR (Forward) position. Depress and hold the foot switch down with left foot.
- NOTE! Current 535 Machines have an automatic oiling system that brings oil to the work through the die head. Machines made prior to June 1, 1996 have an oil spout which must be swung to the down position to flood dies with oil.
- 5. Turn carriage handwheel to bring dies against end of pipe. Slight pressure on handwheel will start dies. (Figure 7)



Figure 7 - Threading with 535 Manual Threading Machine

- Quick-Opening 811A Die Head (Figure 8) When thread is completed, rotate throwout lever to OPEN position, retracting dies.
  - Self-Opening 815A Die Head (Figure 9) When die head trigger contacts end of pipe, throwout lever is automatically opened.
  - Semi-Automatic Die Head (Figure 10) When the end of the pipe being threaded is flush with the end of the number 1 die, tap the handle for the dies to release the pipe.
- 7. Turn carriage handwheel to back die head off pipe.
- 8. Release the foot switch and remove your foot from the housing.
- 9. Swing die head back to UP position.



# Removing Pipe From The Threading Machine

- Use repeated and forceful clockwise spins of the speed chuck handwheel at the front of the Threading Machine to release the workpiece from the speed chuck jaws.
- 2. If necessary, loosen the rear centering device using a clockwise rotation of the handwheel at the rear of the Threading Machine.
- 3. Slide the workpiece out of the Threading Machine, keeping a firm grip on the workpiece as it clears the Threading Machine.

**AWARNING** To avoid injury from falling parts or equipment tip-overs when handling long workpieces, make sure that the end farthest from the Threading Machine is supported prior to removal.

4. Clean up any oil spills or splatter on the ground surrounding the Threading Machine.

# **Left Hand Threading**

An optional pump kit along with a special pipe or bolt die head is required for left hand threading. These optional accessories consists of the following:

Pump Kit:

Model MJ-1 Pump

**Bracket Fitting** 

Model 842 Quick-Opening NPT Die Head

Model 531 and 532 Quick-Opening Bolt Die Head

NOTE! Pump Kit not required on all pre-2001 535 machines.

# Installing Dies in Quick-Opening Die Head (Right Hand and Left Hand)

The No. 811A Universal Die Head (*Figure 8*) for right hand threads requires four sets of dies to thread pipe ranging from ½" through 2". One set of dies is required for each of the following pipe size ranges: (½"), (½" and ¾"), (½" and ¾") and (1" through 2"). Bolt threading requires a separate set of dies for each bolt size. No bolt dies are available for left hand universal die heads.

- 1. Lay die head on bench with numbers face up.
- 2. Flip throwout lever to OPEN position.
- 3. Loosen clamp lever approximately three turns.
- Lift tongue of clamp washer up and out of slot under size bar. Slide throwout lever all the way to end of slot in the change die direction indicated on cam plate.
- 5. Remove dies from die head.

- Insert new dies to mark on side of dies. Numbers 1 through 4 on the dies must match numbers on the die head.
- 7. Slide throwout lever back so that tongue of clamp lever washer will drop in slot under size bar.
- 8. Adjust die head size bar until index line on link is aligned with proper size mark on size bar. For bolt threads, align underline with bolt line on size bar.
- 9. Tighten clamp lever.

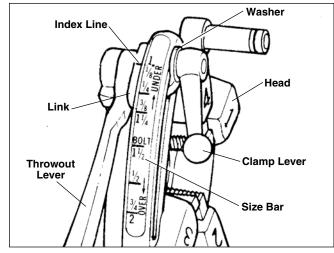


Figure 8 - Universal Quick-Opening Die Head

 If oversize or undersize threads are required, set the index line in direction of OVER or UNDER size mark on size bar.

# Installing Dies in Self-Opening Die Head (Right Hand Only)

The No. 815A Self-Opening Die Head (*Figure 9*) for right-hand threads requires four sets of dies to thread pipe ranging from  $^{1}/_{8}''$  - 2". One set of dies is required for each of the following pipe size ranges:  $(^{1}/_{8}'')$ ,  $(^{1}/_{4}'' - ^{3}/_{8}'')$ ,  $(^{1}/_{2}'' - ^{3}/_{4}'')$ , and (1'' - 2''). Bolt threading requires a separate set of dies for each bolt size.

- 1. Place self-opening die head on bench in vertical position.
- 2. Make sure trigger assembly is released.
- 3. Loosen clamp lever approximately six full turns.
- 4. Pull lock screw out of slot under size bar so that roll pin in lock screw will bypass slot. Position size bar so that index line on lock screw is aligned with the end of REMOVE DIES position.
- 5. Lay head down with numbers up.
- 6. Remove dies from die head.



- Insert new dies to mark on side of dies. Numbers 1 through 4 on the dies must match numbers on the die head.
- 8. Move throwout lever back to lock in dies.
- With head in vertical position, rotate cam plate until roll pin on lock screw can be positioned in slot under size bar. In this position dies will lock in die head. Make sure roll pin points toward end of size bar marked REMOVE DIES.
- Adjust die head size bar until index line on lock screw or link is aligned with proper size mark on size bar.

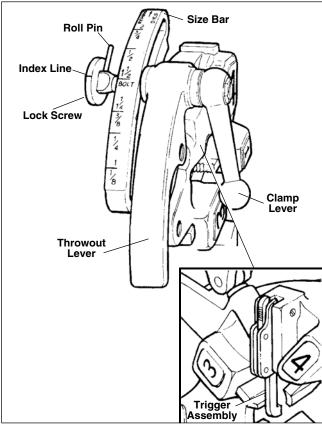


Figure 9 - Universal Self-Opening Die Head

- 11. Tighten clamp lever.
- If oversize or undersize threads are required, set the index line in direction of OVER or UNDER size mark on size bar.

# Installing Dies in Model 816/817 Die Heads

The Semi-Automatic Die Head (Figure 10) for right hand threads requires four sets of dies to thread pipe ranging from 1/6" through 2". One set of dies is required for each of the following pipe size ranges: (1/6)"), (1/4)"

and 3/8''), (1/2'') and (1'') through 2''). Bolt threading requires a separate set of of dies for each bolt size.

- 1. Depress handle so that camplate rests (Figure 7 Model 816/817 Die Head) against the stop. (As shown).
- 2. Lay the Die Head down flat on a table or bench with the numbers facing up.
- 3. Pull up on the plunger knob and push the handle all the way to the left.
- 4. Select the correct dies for the size desired. (Size marked on the back end or face of the dies.)
- 5. Numbers on the Dies must correspond with those on the Die Head Slots. Insert Dies to the line marked on the Dies numbered edge up.
- 6. Rotate the handle back to the right so that the plunger knob pops back down flush against the Die Head.
- 7. To set or adjust for desired depth of cut, loosen the screw for the desired position block size, move the block to the right to make it Under-Size and to the left to make it Over- Sized. When setting blocks for new dies start with the position block on the middle mark and adjust from there.

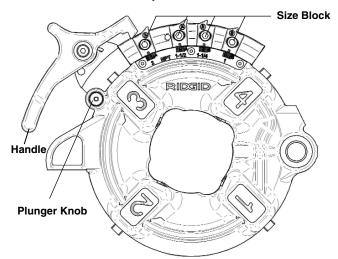


Figure 10 - Semi-Automatic Die Head

# **Checking Thread Length**

(Figure 11)

- 1. Thread is cut to proper length when end of pipe is flush with edge of dies (*Figure 11*).
- Die head is adjustable to obtain proper thread diameter. If possible, threads should be checked with a thread ring gage (Figure 11). A proper thread is cut



when end of pipe is plus or minus one turn of being flush with face of ring gage.

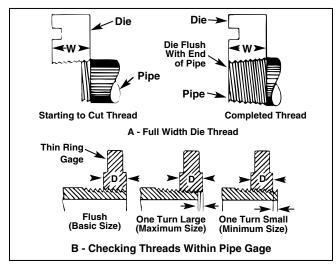


Figure 11 - Checking Thread Length

NOTE! If a ring gage is not available, a fitting can be used. This fitting should be representative of those being used on the job. The pipe thread should be cut to obtain 2 or 3 turns hand tight engagement with fitting. If pipe thread is not proper diameter the index line should be moved in the direction of the OVER or UNDER size mark on size bar. (Refer to "Installing Dies In Die Heads").

# **Priming Oil Pump**

Current 535 Machines have a self-priming gerotor-type pump. Machines made prior to June 1, 1996 have a Model A vane-type pump that may require priming.

# **A WARNING**

All 535 Threading Machines made prior to June 1, 1996 should have a tube extension on the oil pump priming port, as well as a top cover access hole, so the pump can be primed without removing the top cover of the machine. This will prevent the operator from contacting the internal gearing of the machine which could result in serious injury.

To prime the Model A Pump, the following procedure should be followed:

- 1. Remove button plug located on cover.
- 2. Remove primer screw through opening with allen wrench.
- 3. Fill pump with oil.

4. Replace primer screw and button plug before starting machine or pump will drain itself immediately.

NOTE! If machine must be primed on a frequent basis, it is an indication the pump is in need of repair.

# **Accessories**

A WARNING Only the following RIDGID products have been designed to function with the 535 Threading Machine. Other accessories designed for use with other tools may become hazardous when used on this Threading Machine. To prevent serious injury, use only the accessories listed below.

# **Accessories For Threading Machine**

Die Fieda Fideks.	
4U	holds 4 heads
6U	holds 6 heads

### Stands:

NO. 100A	4 legs w/tray
No. 150A	2 wheels w/tray
No. 200A	2 wheels w/enclosed cabinet

# Pipe Supports:

Die Head Backs

Na 400 A

VJ-99	28 $^{1}/_{4}$ " - 52 $^{1}/_{2}$ "
RJ-99	$30^{1/2}'' - 54^{3/4}''$

No. 819 Nipple Chuck (Right Hand only):

Pipe Adapters <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> " through 1 ½"
Stud Adapters1/4" through 2" UNC
1/4" through 11/2" UNF

Model MJ-1 Pump Kit for Left Hand Threading

# Accessories for Threading By Close-Coupled Method

Drive Link Assembly (Cat. # 42415 or 16723 depending on carriage)

No. 844 Drive Bar

Saddle Adapter for Model 141

No. 141 Geared Threader for  $2^{1/2}'' - 4''$  Threading VJ-99/RJ-99 Pipe Support Stand

# **Accessories for Threading with Drive Shaft**

No. 840A Universal Drive Shaft (41" closed, 50" extended)

No. 460 Tristand Chain Vise

No. 418 Oiler

VJ-99/RJ-99 Adjustable Pipe Support

Nos. 141 Geared Threader 21/2" to 4" Threading

No. 161 Geared Threader 4" to 6" Threading





# **Die Heads and Dies**

Model	Pipe Capacity	Bolt Capacity	Dies	Opening	Operation
811A NPT	1/8" - 2"	1/4" - 2"	Universal	Quick	R.H.
815A NPT	¹/8" - 2"	1/4" - 2"	Universal	Self	R.H.
842 NPT	1/4" - 2"	_	Universal	Quick	L.H.
816 NPT	1/8" - 3/4"	1/4" - 2"	Universal	TAP	R.H.
817 NPT	1" - 2"	1/4" - 2"	Universal	TAP	R.H.
811A BSPT	¹/8" - 2"	1/4" - 2"	Universal	Quick	R.H.
815A BSPT	1/8" - 2"	1/4" - 2"	Universal	Self	R.H.
531 Bolt	_	¹/4 <b>" - 1"</b>	500B	Quick	R.H./L.H.
532 Bolt	_	11/8" - 2"	500B	Quick	R.H./L.H.

Universal Pipe Die	NPT			NPSM				
(Catalog Numbers)	1/8″	1/4" - 3/8"	1/2" - 3/4"	1" - 2"	1/8″	1/4" - 3/8"	1/2" - 3/4"	1" - 2"
H.S. R.H.	47755	47760	47765	47770	47845	47850	47855	47860
H.S. L.H.	_	47810	47815	47820	_	_	_	70775
H.S. for S.S. R.H.	47775	47780	47785	47790	_	_	_	_
H.S. for C.I. R.H.	_	_	_	70740	_	_	_	_
H.S. for PVC R.H.	_	_	70745	70750	_	_	_	_
H.S. for Coated R.H.	_	_	_	31822	_	_	_	_

Universal Pipe Die (Catalog Numbers)	BSPT				BSPP			
	1/8″	1/4" <b>-</b> 3/8"	1/2" - 3/4"	1" - 2"	1/8″	1/4" <b>-</b> 3/8"	1/2" - 3/4"	1" - 2"
H.S. R.H.	66750	66755	66760	66765	66795	66800	66805	66810
H.S. L.H.	_	66840	66845	66850	_	_	66870	66875
H.S. for S.S. R.H.	66770	66775	66780	66785	66815	66820	66825	66830
H.S. for S.S. L.H.	_	66855	66860	66865	_	_	_	_
H.S. for PVC R.H.	_	_	70755	70760	_		70765	70770
H.S. for Coated R.H.	_	_	_	31837	_	_	_	_

Note: BSPT and BSPP Dies require a British Model Die Head Note: L.H. operation of the 1822-I requires special set up

Note: High Speed Dies are recommended for threading 1" - 2" pipe at 45 RPM

Universal Bolt Dies for 811A, 815A, 816 and 817 Die Heads Over 90 sets available from 1/4" to 2", Alloy or High Speed. Right Hand only in UNC, UNF and BSW thread forms.

500B Bolt Dies for 531 and 532 Die Heads Over 200 sets for the 531 Bolt Die Head Over 150 sets for the 532 Bolt Die Head Mono Dies for Mono (A Series) Die Heads

NOTE! See Ridge Tool catalog for complete list of pipe supports, thread cutting oil and dies.

# **Maintenance Instructions**

# **A WARNING**

Make sure machine is unplugged from power source before performing maintenance or making any adjustment.

# Lubrication

Proper lubrication is essential to trouble-free operation and long life of Power Drive.

- 1. Remove four (4) cover mounting screws and remove the cover.
- 2. Use grease gun to apply grease to the shaft bearing grease fittings every 2 to 6 months, depending upon frequency of machine use.

Apply moderate coat of lubricating grease on large gear each time bearings are lubricated.

**AWARNING** Do not operate the threading machine with cover off. Always replace cover immediately after lubricating machine.

# **Oil System Maintenance**

To help assure proper operation of threading machine, keep oil system clean, as follows:

- 1. Replace thread cutting oil when it becomes dirty or contaminated. To drain the oil, position a container under drain plug and remove plug.
- 2. Keep oil filter screen clean to assure proper flow or clean oil to work. Oil filter screen is located in the bottom of oil reservoir. To clean filter screen, loosen the screw that secures filter to base and pull filter from oil line. Clean filter screen in solvent and blow out with





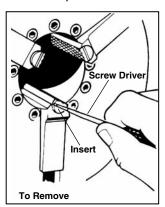
compressed air if available. Do not operate machine with oil filter screen removed.

NOTE! RIDGID Thread Cutting Oil produces high quality threads and maximizes die life. For information concerning its use and handling, refer to the labels on the oil containers. Disposal of the oil should be in accordance with government regulations.

# **Jaw Insert Replacement**

NOTE! When teeth on jaw inserts become worn and fail to hold pipe or rod during operation, replace entire set of jaw inserts. Clean teeth of jaw inserts daily with wire brush.

- 1. Place screwdriver in insert slot and turn 90 degrees in either direction.
- 2. Place insert sideways on locking pin and press down as far as possible.
- 3. Hold insert down firmly with screwdriver, turn so teeth face up.



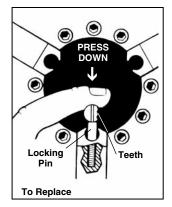


Figure 13 - Jaw Insert Replacement

# **Motor Brush Replacement**

Check motor brushes every six (6) months and replace brushes when they are worn to less than 1/2". If commutator is worn, turn outer dimensions of commutator and undercut mica before replacing brushes.

# **Machine Storage**

**A WARNING** Motor-driven equipment must be kept indoors or well covered in rainy weather. Store the machine in a locked area that is out of reach of children and people unfamiliar with threading machines. This machine can cause serious injury in the hands of untrained users.

# Service and Repair

# WARNING



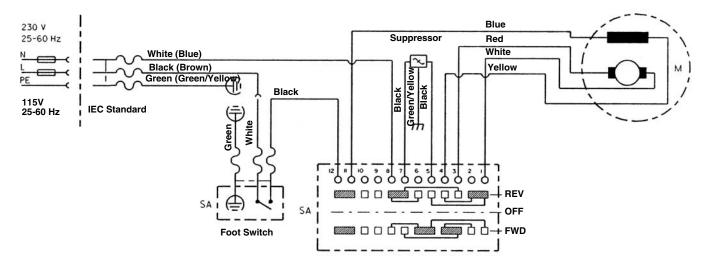
Service and repair work on this Threading Machine must be performed by qualified repair personnel. Machine should be taken to a RIDGID Independent Authorized Service Center or returned to the factory. All repairs made by Ridge service facilities are warranted against defects in material and workmanship.

When servicing this machine, only identical replacement parts should be used. Failure to follow these instructions may create a risk of electrical shock or other serious injury.

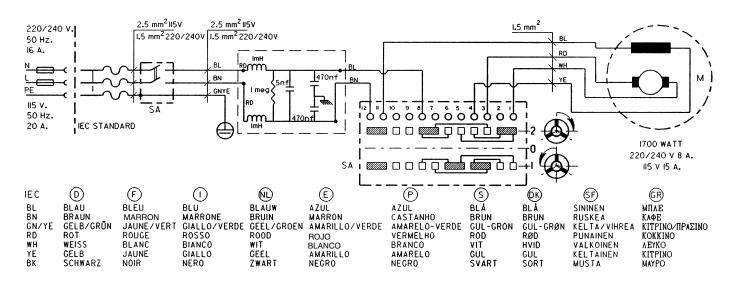


# **Wiring Diagrams**

1101 Motor (115V) 2301 Motor (230V) 1101A Motor (115V)



# **European Wiring Diagram**



### What is covered

RIDGID® tools are warranted to be free of defects in workmanship and material.

### How long coverage lasts

This warranty lasts for the lifetime of the RIDGID® tool. Warranty coverage ends when the product becomes unusable for reasons other than defects in workmanship or material.

To obtain the benefit of this warranty, deliver via prepaid transportation the complete product to RIDGE TOOL COMPANY, Elyria, Ohio, or any authorized RIDGID® INDEPENDENT SERVICE CENTER. Pipe wrenches and other hand tools should be returned to the place of purchase.

### What we will do to correct problems

Warranted products will be repaired or replaced, at RIDGE TOOL'S option, and returned at no charge; or, if after three attempts to repair or replace during the warranty period the product is still defective, you can elect to receive a full refund of your purchase price.

### What is not covered

Failures due to misuse, abuse or normal wear and tear are not covered by this warranty. RIDGE TOOL shall not be responsible for any incidental or consequential damages.

# How local law relates to the warranty

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific rights, and you may also have other rights, which vary, from state to state, province to province, or country to coun-

### No other express warranty applies

This FULL LIFETIME WARRANTY is the sole and exclusive warranty for RIDGID® products. No employee, agent, dealer, or other person is authorized to alter this warranty or make any other warranty on behalf of the RIDGE TOOL COMPANY.









Printed in U.S.A. 11/13