

TRANS TIG 800/2200/2500/3000/4000/5000 JOB MAGIC WAVE 1700/2200/2500/3000/4000/5000 JOB

/ Operating Instructions / Spare Parts List Introduction Thank you for the trust you have placed in our company and congratulations on buying this high-quality Fronius product. These instructions will help you familiarise yourself with the product. Reading the instructions carefully will enable you to learn about the many different features it has to offer. This will allow you to make full use of its advantages.

Please also note the safety rules to ensure greater safety when using the product. Careful handling of the product will repay you with years of safe and reliable operation. These are essential prerequisites for excellent results.

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Safety rules

Explanation of safety symbols

DANGER! indicates immediate and real danger. If it is not avoided, death or serious injury will result.

WARNING! indicates a potentially dangerous situation. Death or serious injury may result if appropriate precautions are not taken.



CAUTION! indicates a situation where damage or injury could occur. If it is not avoided, minor injury and/or damage to property may result.



IMPORTANT! indicates tips for correct operation and other particularly useful information. It does not indicate a potentially damaging or dangerous situation.

If you see any of the symbols depicted in the "Safety rules", special care is required.

General



The device is manufactured using state-of-the-art technology and according to recognised safety standards. If used incorrectly or misused, however, it can cause

- injury or death to the operator or a third party,
- damage to the device and other material assets belonging to the operating company,
- inefficient operation of the device.

All persons involved in commissioning, operating, maintaining and servicing the device must:

- be suitably qualified,
- have sufficient knowledge of welding
- read and follow these operating instructions carefully.

The operating instructions must always be at hand wherever the device is being used. In addition to the operating instructions, attention must also be paid to any generally applicable and local regulations regarding accident prevention and environmental protection.

All safety and danger notices on the device

- must be kept in a legible state
- must not be damaged/marked
- must not be removed
- must not be covered, pasted or painted over.

For the location of the safety and danger notices on the device, refer to the section headed "General remarks" in the operating instructions for the device. Before switching on the device, remove any faults that could compromise safety.

Your personal safety is at stake!

Intended purpose



The device is to be used exclusively for its intended purpose.

The device is intended for the welding process described on the rating plate only.

Any use above and beyond this purpose is deemed improper. The manufacturer shall not be liable for any damage resulting from such improper use.

Utilisation in accordance with the "intended purpose" also comprises

- reading carefully and following all operating instructions to the letter
- studying and obeying all safety and danger notices carefully
- performing all stipulated inspection and servicing work.

Never use the device for the following purposes:

- Thawing out pipes
- Charging batteries/accumulators
- Starting engines

The device is designed for use in industry and the workshop. The manufacturer accepts no responsibility for any damage caused through use in a domestic setting.

The manufacturer likewise accepts no liability for unexpected or incorrect results.

Environmental conditions



Operation or storage of the device outside the stipulated area will be deemed as "not in accordance with the intended purpose". The manufacturer shall not be liable for any damage resulting from such improper use.

Ambient temperature:

- during operation: -10 °C to + 40 °C (14 °F to 104 °F)
- during transport and storage: -25 °C to +55 °C (-13 °F to 131 °F)

Relative humidity:

- up to 50 % at 40 °C (104 °F)
- up to 90 % at 20 °C (68 °F)

Ambient air: free from dust, acids, corrosive gases and substances, etc. For use at altitudes above sea level: up to 2000 m (6500 ft)

Obligations of the operator



The operator undertakes only to allow persons to work with the device who:
are familiar with the fundamental instructions regarding safety and accident prevention, and have been instructed how to use the device
have read and understood these operating instructions, especially the section "safety rules", and have confirmed as much with their signatures
are trained to produce the required results.

Checks must be carried out at regular intervals to ensure that operators are working in a safety-conscious manner.

Obligations of personnel



Before using the device, all persons instructed to do so undertake:

to observe the basic instructions regarding safety at work and accident prevention

to read these operating instructions, especially the "Safety rules" section and sign to confirm that they have understood them and will follow them.

Before leaving the work area, ensure that people or property cannot come to any harm in your absence.

Mains connection



Devices with a higher rating may affect the energy quality of the mains due to their current input.

This may affect a number of types of device in terms of:

- connection restrictions
- criteria with regard to maximum permissible mains impedance *)
- criteria with regard to minimum short-circuit power requirement *)

^{*)}at the interface with the public mains network

see Technical Data

In this case, the plant operator or the person using the device should check whether the device may be connected, where appropriate by discussing the matter with the power supply company.

Protecting yourself and others



Persons involved with welding expose themselves to numerous risks, e.g.:

- flying sparks and hot pieces of metal
 arc radiation, which can damage eyes and skin

- hazardous electromagnetic fields, which can endanger the lives of those using cardiac pacemakers



risk of electrocution from mains current and welding current



greater noise pollution



harmful welding fumes and gases

Anyone working on the workpiece while welding is in progress must wear suitable protective clothing with the following properties:

- flame-resistant
- insulating and dry
- covers the whole body, is undamaged and in good condition
- safety helmet
- trousers with no turn-ups

Protective clothing refers to a variety of different items. Operators should:



protect eyes and face from UV rays, heat and sparks using a protective visor and regulation filter.

wear regulation protective goggles with side protection behind the safety visor.

- wear stout footwear that provides insulation even in wet conditions.
- protect the hands with suitable gloves (electrically insulated and providing protection against heat).
- wear ear protection to reduce the harmful effects of noise and to prevent injury.



Keep all persons, especially children, out of the working area while any devices are in operation or welding is in progress. If, however, there are people in the vicinity,

- make them aware of all the dangers (risk of dazzling by the arc, injury from flying sparks, harmful welding fumes, noise, possible danger from mains or welding current, etc.),
- provide suitable protective equipment or
- erect suitable safety screens/curtains.

Noise emission values



The device generates a maximum sound power level of <80 dB(A) (ref. 1pW) when idling and in the cooling phase following operation at the maximum permissible operating point under maximum rated load conditions according to EN 60974-1.

It is not possible to provide a workplace-related emission value during welding (or cutting) as this is influenced by both the process and the environment. All manner of different welding parameters come into play, including the welding process (MIG/MAG, TIG welding), the type of power selected (DC or AC), the power range, the type of weld metal, the resonance characteristics of the workpiece, the workplace environment, etc.

Danger from toxic gases and vapours



The fumes produced during welding contain harmful gases and vapours.

Welding fumes contain substances that may, under certain circumstances, cause birth defects or cancer.

Keep your face away from welding fumes and gases.

Fumes and hazardous gases,

- must not be breathed in
- must be extracted from the working area using appropriate methods.

Ensure an adequate supply of fresh air.

If this cannot be provided, a protective mask with an air supply must be worn.

Close the shielding gas cylinder valve or central gas supply if no welding is taking place. If there is any doubt about whether the extraction system is powerful enough, then the measured toxic emission values should be compared with the permissible limit values.

The following components are responsible, amongst other things, for the degree of toxicity of welding fumes:

- Metals used for the workpiece
- Electrodes
- Coatings
- Cleaners, degreasers, etc.

The relevant material safety data sheets and manufacturer's specifications for the listed components should therefore be studied carefully.

Flammable vapours (e.g. solvent fumes) should be kept away from the arc's radiation area.

Danger from flying sparks



Flying sparks may cause fires or explosions.

Never weld close to flammable materials.

Flammable materials must be at least 11 metres (35 ft) away from the arc, or alternatively covered with an approved cover.

A suitable, tested fire extinguisher must be available and ready for use.

Sparks and pieces of hot metal may also get into adjacent areas through small gaps or openings. Take appropriate precautions to prevent any danger of injury or fire.

Welding must not be performed in areas that are subject to fire or explosion or near sealed tanks, vessels or pipes unless these have been prepared in accordance with the relevant national and international standards.

Do not carry out welding on containers that are being or have been used to store gases, propellants, mineral oils or similar products. Residues pose an explosive hazard.

Risks from mains current and welding current



An electric shock is life threatening and can be fatal.

Do not touch live parts either inside or outside the device.



During MIG/MAG or TIG welding, the welding wire, the wirespool, the drive rollers and all metal parts that are in contact with the welding wire are live.

Always set the wire-feed unit up on a sufficiently insulated surface or use a suitable, insulated wire-feed unit mount.

Make sure that you and others are protected with an adequately insulated, dry temporary backing or cover for the earth or ground potential. This temporary backing or cover must extend over the entire area between the body and the earth or ground potential.

All cables and leads must be complete, undamaged, insulated and adequately dimensioned. Loose connections, scorched, damaged or inadequately dimensioned cables and leads must be repaired/replaced immediately.

Do not sling cables or leads around either the body or parts of the body.

The electrode (rod electrode, tungsten electrode, welding wire, etc) must

- never be immersed in liquid for cooling
- never be touched when current is flowing.

Double the open circuit voltage of a welding machine can occur between the welding electrodes of two welding machines. Touching the potentials of both electrodes at the same time may under certain circumstances be fatal.

Arrange for the mains and device supply to be checked regularly by a qualified electrician to ensure the PE conductor is functioning properly.

The device must only be operated on a mains supply with a PE conductor and a socket with an earth contact.

If the device is operated on a mains without a PE conductor and in a socket without an earth contact, this will be deemed gross negligence. The manufacturer shall not be liable for any damage resulting from such improper use.

If necessary, provide an adequate earth connection for the workpiece.

Switch off unused devices.

Wear a safety harness if working at height.



Before working on the device, switch it off and pull out the mains plug.

Attach a clearly legible and easy-to-understand warning sign to the device to prevent anyone from reconnecting it to the mains and switching it on again.

After opening the device:

- discharge all components holding an electric charge
- ensure that all components in the device are de-energised.

If work on live parts cannot be avoided, appoint a second person to switch off the main switch at the right moment. Meandering welding currents



If the following instructions are ignored, meandering welding currents can develop with the following consequences:

- Fire hazard
 - Overheating of parts connected to the workpiece
 - Irreparable damage to PE conductors
 - Damage to device and other electrical equipment

Ensure that the workpiece is held securely by the workpiece clamp.

Attach the workpiece clamp as close as possible to the area that is to be welded.

If the floor is electrically conductive, the device must be set up with sufficient insulating material to insulate it from the floor.

If distribution boards, twin-head mounts, etc., are being used, note the following: The electrode of the welding torch / electrode holder that is not used is also live. Make sure that the welding torch / electrode holder that is not used is kept sufficiently insulated.

In the case of automated MIG/MAG applications, ensure that only an insulated wire electrode is routed from the welding wire drum, large wirefeeder spool or wirespool to the wire-feed unit.

EMC device classifications



Devices with emission class A:

- are only designed for use in an industrial setting
- can cause conducted and emitted interference in other areas.

Devices with emission class B:

satisfy the emissions criteria for residential and industrial areas.
 This also applies to residential areas in which power is supplied from the public low-voltage grid.

EMC device classification according to the rating plate or the technical data.

EMC measures



In certain cases, even though a device complies with the standard limit values for emissions, it may affect the application area for which it was designed (e.g. when there is sensitive equipment at the same location, or if the site where the device is installed is close to either radio or television receivers). If this is the case, then the operator is obliged to take appropriate action to rectify the situation. Check for possible problems, and check and evaluate neighbouring devices' resistance to interference according to national and international requirements:

- Safety features
- power, signal and data transfer lines
- IT and telecommunications devices
- measuring and calibrating devices

Supporting measures for avoidance of EMC problems:

- a) Mains supply
 - if electromagnetic interference arises despite correct mains connection, additional measures are necessary (e.g. use a suitable line filter).
- b) Welding leads
 - must be kept as short as possible
 - must run close together (to avoid EMF problems)
 - must be kept well apart from other leads
- c) Equipotential bonding
- d) Earthing the workpiece
- if necessary, establish an earth connection using suitable capacitors.
- e) Shielding, if necessary
 - shield off other nearby devices
 - shield off entire welding installation

EMF measures



Electromagnetic fields may pose as yet unknown risks to health:

- effects on the health of others in the vicinity, e.g. wearers of pacemakers and hearing aids
- wearers of pacemakers must seek advice from their doctor before approaching the device or any welding that is in progress
- for safety reasons, keep distances between the welding cables and the welder's head/torso as large as possible
- do not carry welding cables and hosepacks over the shoulders or wind them around any part of the body

Specific hazards



Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from moving parts. For example:

- Fans
- Cogs
- Rollers
- Shafts
- Wirespools and welding wires

Do not reach into the rotating cogs of the wire drive or into rotating drive components.

Covers and side panels may only be opened/removed while maintenance or repair work is being carried out.

During operation

- ensure that all covers are closed and all side panels are fitted properly.
- keep all covers and side panels closed.



The welding wire emerging from the welding torch poses a high risk of injury (piercing of the hand, injuries to the face and eyes, etc.).

Always keep the welding torch away from the body (devices with wire-feed unit) and wear suitable protective goggles.



Never touch the workpiece during or after welding - risk of burns.



Slag can jump off cooling workpieces. The specified protective equipment must therefore also be worn when reworking workpieces, and steps must be taken to ensure that other people are also adequately protected.

Welding torches and other parts with a high operating temperature must be allowed to cool down before handling.



Special provisions apply in areas at risk of fire or explosion - observe relevant national and international regulations.



Power sources that are to be used in areas with increased electric risk (e.g. near boilers) must carry the "Safety" sign. However, the power source must not be located in such areas.



Risk of scalding from escaping coolant. Switch off cooling unit before disconnecting coolant flow or return lines.



Use only suitable load-carrying equipment supplied by the manufacturer when transporting devices by crane.

- Hook chains and/or ropes onto the suspension points provided on the load-carrying equipment.
- Chains/ropes must be at the smallest angle possible to the vertical.
- Remove gas cylinder and wire-feed unit (MIG/MAG and TIG devices).

If the wire-feed unit is attached to a crane holder during welding, always use a suitable, insulated wire-feed unit holder (MIG/MAG and TIG devices).

If the device has a carrying strap or handle, this is intended solely for carrying by hand. The carrying strap is not to be used if transporting with a crane, forklift truck or other mechanical hoist.



Odourless and colourless shielding gas may escape unnoticed if an adapter is used for the shielding gas connection. Prior to assembly, seal the deviceside thread of the adapter for the shielding gas connection using suitable Teflon tape. Danger from shielding gas cylinders



Shielding gas cylinders contain gas under pressure and can explode if damaged. As the shielding gas cylinders are part of the welding equipment, they must be handled with the greatest of care.

Protect shielding gas cylinders containing compressed gas from excessive heat, mechanical impact, slag, naked flames, sparks and arcs.

Mount the shielding gas cylinders vertically and secure according to instructions to prevent them falling over.

Keep the shielding gas cylinders well away from any welding or other electrical circuits.

Never hang a welding torch on a shielding gas cylinder.

Never touch a shielding gas cylinder with an electrode.

Risk of explosion - never attempt to weld a pressurised shielding gas cylinder.

Only use shielding gas cylinders suitable for the application in hand, along with the correct and appropriate accessories (regulator, hoses and fittings). Only use shielding gas cylinders and accessories that are in good condition.

Turn your face to one side when opening the valve of a shielding gas cylinder.

Close the shielding gas cylinder valve if no welding is taking place.

If the shielding gas cylinder is not connected, leave the valve cap in place on the cylinder.

The manufacturer's instructions must be observed as well as applicable national and international regulations for shielding gas cylinders and accessories.

Safety measures at the installation location and during transport



A device that topples over can easily kill someone. Place the device on a solid, level surface in such a way that it remains stable - The maximum permissible slope is 10°.



Special regulations apply in rooms at risk of fire or explosion - observe relevant national and international requirements.

Use internal directives and checks to ensure that the workplace environment is always clean and clearly laid out.

Only set up and operate the device in accordance with the degree of protection shown on the rating plate.

When setting up the device, ensure there is a gap of 0.5 m (1 ft. 7.69 in.) all round so that cooling air can enter and exit unhindered.

When transporting the device, observe the relevant national and local guidelines and accident prevention regulations. This applies especially to guidelines regarding the risks arising during transportation.

Before transporting the device, allow coolant to drain completely and detach the following components:

- Wire-feed unit
- Wirespool
- Shielding gas cylinder

After transporting the device, and before commissioning, you MUST carry out a visual inspection to check whether it has been damaged in any way. Any damage must be repaired by trained service technicians before commissioning takes place.

Safety measures in normal opera-



Only operate the device when all protection devices are fully functional. If the protection devices are not fully functional, there is a risk of

- injury or death to the operator or a third party,
- damage to the device and other material assets belonging to the operator,
- inefficient operation of the device.

Any safety devices that are not functioning properly must be repaired before switching on the device.

Never bypass or disable protection devices.

Before switching on the device, ensure that no one is likely to be endangered.

- Check the device at least once a week for obvious damage and proper functioning of safety devices.
- Always fasten the shielding gas cylinder securely and remove it beforehand if the device is to be transported by crane.
- Only the manufacturer's original coolant is suitable for use with our devices es due to its properties (electrical conductivity, frost protection, material compatibility, flammability, etc.)
- Only use suitable original coolant from the manufacturer.
- Do not mix the manufacturer's original coolant with other coolants.
- If damage results from using a different coolant, the manufacturer accepts no liability. In addition, no warranty claims will be entertained.
- The coolant can ignite under certain conditions. Transport the coolant only in its original, sealed containers and keep well away from any sources of ignition
- Used coolant must be disposed of properly in accordance with the relevant national and international regulations. A safety data sheet may be obtained from your service centre or downloaded from the manufacturer's website.
- Check the coolant level before you start to weld while the system is still cool.

Maintenance and repair



It is impossible to guarantee that bought-in parts are designed and manufactured to meet the demands made on them, or that they satisfy safety requirements. Use only original replacement and wearing parts (also applies to standard parts).

Do not carry out any modifications, alterations, etc. to the device without the manufacturer's consent.

Components that are not in perfect condition must be changed immediately. When ordering, please give the exact designation and part number as shown in the spare parts list, as well as the serial number of your device.

Safety inspection



The manufacturer recommends that a safety inspection of the device is performed at least once every 12 months.

The manufacturer recommends that the power source be calibrated during the same 12-month period.

A safety inspection should be carried out by a qualified electrician

- after any changes are made
- after any additional parts are installed, or after any conversions
- after repair, care and maintenance has been carried out
- at least every twelve months.

For safety inspections, follow the appropriate national and international standards and directives.

Further details on safety inspection and calibration can be obtained from your service centre. They will provide you on request with any documents you may require.

Disposal



Do not dispose of this device with normal domestic waste! To comply with the European Directive 2002/96/EC on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment and its implementation as national law, electrical equipment that has reached the end of its life must be collected separately and returned to an approved recycling facility. Any device that you no longer require must either be returned to your dealer or given to one of the approved collection and recycling facilities in your area. Ignoring this European Directive may have potentially adverse affects on the environment and your health!

Safety symbols



Devices with the CE marking satisfy the essential requirements of the low-voltage and electromagnetic compatibility directive (e.g. relevant product norms from the EN 60 974 series).



Devices with the CSA test mark satisfy the requirements of the relevant standards in Canada and the USA.

Data protection



The user is responsible for the safekeeping of any changes made to the factory settings. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any deleted personal settings.

Copyright



Copyright of these operating instructions remains with the manufacturer.

The text and illustrations are all technically correct at the time of printing. We reserve the right to make changes. The contents of the operating instructions shall not provide the basis for any claims whatsoever on the part of the purchaser. If you have any suggestions for improvement, or can point out any mistakes that you have found in the instructions, we will be most grateful for your comments.

General information

General

Device concept



TransTig 2200 Job, MagicWave 1700 Job and MagicWave 2200 Job with cooling unit



MagicWave 3000 Job with cooling unit and MagicWave 2500 Job

The MagicWave (MW) 1700 / 2200 / 2500 / 3000 / 4000 / 5000 and TransTig (TT) 800 / 2200 / 2500 /3000 / 4000 / 5000 TIG power sources are completely digitised, micro-processor controlled inverter power sources.

The modular design and potential for system add-ons ensure a high degree of flexibility. The devices can be adapted to any situation.

The straightforward operating concept means that essential functions can be seen at a glance and adjusted as required. Job mode allows frequently used welding data to be stored and retrieved easily.

A standardised LocalNet interface makes it easy to connect digital system add-ons (e.g. JobMaster TIG welding torches, robot welding torches, remote control units, etc.).

Automatic cap shaping for AC welding with MagicWave power sources takes the diameter of the tungsten electrode into account to help produce optimum results.

The power sources are generator-compatible. They are exceptionally sturdy in day-today operation thanks to the protected control elements and their powder-coated housings.



TransTig 5000 Job and MagicWave 5000 Job, both with cooling unit and trolley

The TIG pulsed arc function, with its wide frequency range, is available on both the MagicWave and TransTig.

To optimise the ignition sequence in TIG AC welding, the MagicWave takes account not only of the diameter of the electrode, but also of its temperature, calculated with reference to the preceding welding and welding off-times.

RPI (**R**everse **P**olarity Ignition) ensures an excellent ignition response during TIG DC welding.

Functional princi- ple	The central control and regulation unit of the power sources is coupled with a digital signal processor. The central control and regulation unit and signal processor control the entire welding process. During the welding process, the actual data is measured continuously and the device responds immediately to any changes. Control algorithms ensure that the desired target state is maintained.			
	 This results in: a precise welding process, exact reproducibility of all results excellent weld properties. 			
Field of applica- tion	The devices are used in workshops and industry for manual and automated TIG applica- tions with unalloyed and low-alloy steel and high-alloy chrome-nickel steels. The MagicWave power sources perform exceptionally well when it comes to welding alu-			
	minium, aluminium alloys and magnesium due to the variable AC frequency.			

Warning notices on the device

US power sources come with extra warning notices affixed to the device. The warning notices must NOT be removed or painted over.



US version of power source with additional warning notices, e.g. MagicWave 2200

System components

General

The TransTig and MagicWave power sources can be used with a wide variety of system add-ons and options.

Overview



System add-ons and options

Item Description

- (1) TIG robot welding torch Cold wire feeders with wire drive
- (2) Power sources
- (3) Cooling units
- (4) Trolley with gas cylinder holder
- (5) Pedal remote control unit
- (6) Cold wire-feed unit
- (7) TIG welding torch Standard / Up/Down
- (8) JobMaster TIG welding torch
- (9) Remote control units and robot accessories
- (10) Grounding (earthing) cable
- (11) Electrode cable

Control elements and connections

Description of the control panels

General

The key feature of the control panel is the logical way in which the control elements are arranged. All the main welding parameters needed for day-to-day working can easily be:

- selected using the buttons
- altered with the adjusting dial
- shown during welding on the digital display.



NOTE! Due to software updates, you may find that your device has certain functions that are not described in these operating instructions or vice versa. Individual illustrations may also differ slightly from the actual controls on your device, but these controls function in exactly the same way.

Safety

- **WARNING!** Operating the equipment incorrectly can cause serious injury and damage. Do not use the functions described until you have thoroughly read and understood the following documents:
 - these operating instructions
 - all the operating instructions for the system components, especially the safety rules

Overview

"Description of the control panels" is composed of the following sections:

- MagicWave control panel
- TransTig control panel
- Key combinations special functions



MagicWave control panels:

- (1) MW 1700 / 2200
- (2) MW 2500 / 3000
- (3) MW 4000 / 5000

- TransTig control panels:
- (4) TT 800 / 2200
- (5) TT 2500 / 3000
- (6) TT 4000 / 5000

MagicWave control panel

trol panel



Left digital display (2)

Function No.

HOLD indicator (3)

at the end of each welding operation, the actual values for the welding current and voltage are stored and the Hold indicator lights up.

The Hold indicator refers to the last value reached by the main current I₁. As soon as any other welding parameter is selected, the Hold indicator goes off. The "Hold" values will continue to be available, however, if welding parameter I₁ is selected again.

The Hold indicator is cleared when:

- a new welding operation is started
- the welding current I1 is adjusted
- the mode is changed
- the welding process is changed

NOTE Hold values are not output if:

the main current phase is never reached,

or

a pedal remote control is used.

(4) **Right digital display**

(5) Welding voltage indicator

lights up when welding parameter I1

is selected. During welding the current actual value for the welding voltage is displayed on the right-hand digital display.

Before welding, the following appears on the right digital display:

- 0.0 if a TIG welding mode is selected
- 50 V if a MMA welding mode is selected (after a delay of 3 seconds; 50 V is the average value for the pulsed open circuit voltage)

(6) Unit indicators

m/min indicator min

lights up when welding parameter Fd.1 or set-up parameter Fd.2 has been selected

JOB

Job N^o indicator

kHz indicator

lights up in Job mode

kHz

lights up when the F-P set-up parameter is selected if the value entered for the pulse frequency >/= 1000 Hz

Hz

A

%

S

Hz indicator lights up when:

- the F-P set-up parameter is selected if the value entered for the pulse frequency < 1000 Hz
- set-up parameter ACF has been selected

A indicator

% indicator

lights up when the I_S , I_2 and I_E welding parameters and the dcY, I-G and HCU set-up parameters have been selected



lights up when the tup and tdown welding parameters plus the following setup parameters have been selected:

-	GPr	-	tAC	-	dt2	-	Ito
-	G-L	-	t-S	-	Hti	-	Arc
-	G-H	-	t-E	-	Ct		
-	SPt	-	dt1	-	HFt		

No.	Funct	lion				
	mm	mm indicator				
		lights up when the Fdb set-up parameter has been selected				
(7)	Proce for se	ess button lecting the welding process depending on the mode that has been chose				
	2-step	o mode/4-step mode:				
	2	automatic cap-shaping; only available in conjunction with TIG AC welding				
	● AC	TIG AC welding process				
	DC	TIG DC- welding process				
	Job n The p	node: rocess stored for the current job is displayed.				
	Manu	al metal arc welding mode:				
	● AC	MMA AC welding process				
		MMA DC- welding process				
	_ ₽	MMA DC+ welding process				
	When	a welding process is selected, the LED on the relevant symbol lights up.				
(8)	Mode for se	button lecting the mode				
		2-step mode				
		4-step mode				
	JOB O	Job mode				
		Manual metal arc welding				
	When a mode is selected, the LED on the relevant symbol lights up.					
(9)	Right parameter selection button for selecting welding parameters within the welding parameters overview (1					
	When a welding parameter is selected, the LED on the relevant parameter symbolights up.					
(10)	Gas test button for setting the required shielding gas flow rate on the gas pressure regulator After pressing this button, gas flows for 30 seconds. Press the button again to sto the gas flow prematurely.					

No. Function

(11) Welding parameter overview

The welding parameters overview contains the most important welding parameters to be used when welding. The sequence of welding parameters follows a clothesline structure. Use the left and right welding parameter selection buttons to navigate within the welding parameters overview.



Welding parameters overview

The welding parameters overview contains the following welding parameters:

ļ

Starting current Is

for TIG welding

The starting current ${\sf I}_S$ is saved separately for the "TIG AC welding" and "TIG DC- welding" modes.



Upslope t_{up}

when TIG welding, the period over which the current in increased from the starting current I_S to the specified main current I_1

The upslope t_{up} is saved separately for 2-step and 4-step modes.



Main current I₁ (welding current)

- for TIG welding
- for MMA welding



Reduced current I₂

for TIG 4-step mode and TIG special 4-step mode



Downslope t_{down}

when TIG welding, the period over which the current is decreased from the main current ${\rm I}_1$ to the final current ${\rm I}_E$

The downslope t_{down} is saved separately for 2-step and 4-step modes.



Final current I_E

for TIG welding



Balance

used to set the fusing power/cleaning action for TIG AC welding



Wire feed speed (only for MagicWave 4000 / 5000) for setting the Fd.1 welding parameter if the cold wire-feed unit option is available
No. Function

JOB

Job N^o

In Job mode for retrieving welding parameter records stored under job numbers.



Electrode diameter

Used in TIG welding to enter the diameter of the tungsten electrode.

(12) Adjusting dial

for altering welding parameters. If the indicator on the adjusting dial lights up, then the selected welding parameter can be altered.

(13) Welding current indicator

for indicating the welding current for the welding parameters

- Starting current I_S
- Welding current I_1
- Reduced current l₂
- Final current I_F

Before welding commences, the left-hand digital display shows the set value. For I_S , I_2 and I_E , the right-hand digital display also shows the respective percentage of the welding current I_1 .

After the start of welding, the welding parameter I_1 is automatically selected. The left-hand digital display shows the actual welding current value.

In the welding parameters overview (11), LEDs for the various parameters (I_S , t_{up} , etc.) light up to show the relevant position in the welding process.

(14) Store button

used to store jobs and access the set-up menu

(15) Left parameter selection button

for selecting welding parameters within the welding parameters overview (11)

When a welding parameter is selected, the LED on the relevant parameter symbol lights up.

(16) Overtemperature indicator

lights up if the power source overheats (e.g. because the duty cycle has been exceeded). See the "Troubleshooting" section for more information.

(17) Keylock switch (option for MW 2500 / 3000 / 4000 / 5000)

lights up if the power source overheats (e.g. because the duty cycle has been exceeded). See the "Troubleshooting" section for more information.



Keylock switch position

NOTE The functions available on the control panel of system components are restricted in the same way as those of the control panel on the power source.

TransTig control panel



No. Function

(3) HOLD indicator

at the end of each welding operation, the actual values for the welding current and voltage are stored and the Hold indicator lights up.

The Hold indicator refers to the last value reached by the main current I_1 . As soon as any other welding parameter is selected, the Hold indicator goes off. The "Hold" values will continue to be available, however, if welding parameter I_1 is selected again.

The Hold indicator is cleared when:

- a new welding operation is started
- the welding current I1 is set
- the mode is changed
- the welding process is changed

NOTE Hold values are not output if:

- the main current phase is never reached,
 - or
 - a pedal remote control is used.

(4) Right digital display

(5) Welding voltage indicator

lights up when welding parameter I₁

is selected. During welding the current actual value for the welding voltage is displayed on the right-hand digital display.

Before welding, the following appears on the right digital display:

- 0.0 if a TIG welding mode is selected
- 50 V if a MMA welding mode is selected (after a delay of 3 seconds; 50 V is the average value for the pulsed open circuit voltage)

(6) Unit indicators

m/min indicator

lights up when welding parameter Fd.1 or set-up parameter Fd.2 has been selected



Job N^o indicator

lights up in Job mode

kHz kHz indicator

lights up when the F-P set-up parameter is selected if the value entered for the pulse frequency >/= 1000 Hz

Hz Hz indicator

lights up when:

- the F-P set-up parameter is selected if the value entered for the pulse frequency < 1000 Hz
- set-up parameter ACF has been selected

A indicator

% indicator

lights up when the I_S , I_2 and I_E welding parameters and the dcY, I-G and HCU set-up parameters have been selected



%

s indicator

lights up when the $t_{\rm up}$ and $t_{\rm down}$ welding parameters plus the following set- up parameters have been selected:

-	GPr	-	tAC	-	dt2	-	Ito
-	G-L	-	t-S	-	Hti	-	Arc
-	G-H	-	t-E	-	Ct		
-	SPt	-	dt1	-	HFt		

No.	o. Function				
	mm	mm indicator lights up when the Fdb set-up parameter has been selected			
(7)	Mode button for selecting the mode				
		2-step mode			
		4-step mode			
	JOB 🔵	Job mode			
		Manual metal arc welding			
	When a	mode is selected, the LED on the relevant symbol lights up.			
(8)	Right parameter selection button for selecting welding parameters within the welding parameters overview (10)				
	When a lights up	welding parameter is selected, the LED on the relevant parameter symbol o.			
(9)	Gas tes for setti After pro the gas	at button ng the required shielding gas flow rate on the gas pressure regulator essing this button, gas flows for 30 seconds. Press the button again to stop flow prematurely.			

(10) Welding parameter overview

The welding parameters overview contains the most important welding parameters to be used when welding. The sequence of welding parameters follows a clothesline structure. Use the left and right welding parameter selection buttons to navigate within the welding parameters overview.



Welding parameters overview

The welding parameters overview contains the following welding parameters:



Starting current Is

for TIG welding

The starting current ${\rm I}_{\rm S}$ is saved separately for the "TIG AC welding" and "TIG DC- welding" modes.



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Upslope t_{up}

when TIG welding, the period over which the current in increased from the starting current I_S to the specified main current I_1

The upslope t_{up} is saved separately for 2-step and 4-step modes.

Main current I₁ (welding current)

- for TIG welding
- for MMA welding

No. Function

2	Reduced current I ₂
\circ	

for TIG 4-step mode and TIG special 4-step mode



Downslope t_{down}

when TIG welding, the period over which the current is decreased from the main current $\rm I_1$ to the final current $\rm I_E$

The downslope t_{down} is saved separately for 2-step and 4-step modes.

~	
()	

Final current I_E

for TIG welding



Wire feed speed (only for MagicWave 4000 / 5000)

for setting the Fd.1 welding parameter if the cold wire-feed unit option is available



Job N^o

In Job mode for retrieving welding parameter records stored under job numbers.



Electrode diameter

Used in TIG welding to enter the diameter of the tungsten electrode.

(11) Adjusting dial

for altering welding parameters. If the indicator on the adjusting dial lights up, then the selected welding parameter can be altered.

(12) Welding current indicator

for indicating the welding current for the parameters

- Starting current IS
- Welding current I₁
- Reduced current I₂
- Final current I_E

Before welding commences, the left-hand digital display shows the set value. For I_S , I_2 and I_E , the right-hand digital display also shows the respective percentage of the welding current I_1 .

After welding begins, the welding parameter I_1 is automatically selected. The left-hand digital display shows the actual welding current value.

In the welding parameters overview (10), LEDs for the various parameters (I_S , t_{up} , etc.) light up to show the relevant position in the welding process.

(13) Store button

used to store jobs and access the set-up menu

(14) Left parameter selection button

for selecting welding parameters within the welding parameters overview (10)

When a welding parameter is selected, the LED on the relevant parameter symbol lights up.

(15) Overtemperature indicator

lights up if the power source overheats (e.g. because the duty cycle has been exceeded). See the "Troubleshooting" section for more information.





NOTE The functions available on the control panel of system components are restricted in the same way as those of the control panel on the power source.

Key combinations - special functions

General The following functions can be called up by pressing buttons simultaneously or repeatedly on the MagicWave and TransTig control panels. Keylock To activate the keylock: while pressing and holding the Store button, press the right parameter selection button The lockout message "CLo|SEd" briefly appears on the display. 15 E d On the control panel, the special keylock indicator lights up If you now press any of the buttons, the lockout message "CLo|SEd" will appear on the digital display. The adjusting dial can only be used to change the welding parameter that had been selected when the keylock was activated. **NOTE** The keylock remains enabled even if the power source is switched off and then on again. To deactivate the keylock: while pressing and holding the Store button, press the right parameter selection button The unlocking message "-OP|En-" appears briefly on the digital dis-- <u>n p</u> plays. The special keylock indicator goes off. **Displaying the** To display the software version: software version, while pressing and holding the Store button, press the left parameter operating time selection button. and coolant flow The software version appears on the digital displays. Display operating time: press the left parameter selection button again The operating time records the actual arc burning time since starting 1 .5 E 654

 Image: Second State Actual and Durning time since starting for the first time.

 For example: "654 | 32.1" = 65,432.1 hours = 65,432 hours | 6 mins

 Image: NOTE The operating time display is not suitable as a -basis for calculating hiring fees, guarantee, etc.

 Display coolant flow (only in conjunction with a cooling unit with the flow watchdog option):

 press the left parameter selection button again

 The current coolant flow of the cooling unit is shown in l/min (CFL = Coolant Flow)

 If the coolant flow is less than 0.7 l/min, the power source switches off after the end of the time specified in welding parameter C-t and the error message "no | H2O" is shown.

 To exit, press the Store button.

Connections, switches and mechanical components



MagicWave 1700 / 2200 Job - front

MagicWave 1700 / 2200 Job - rear

No. Function

- (1) Welding torch connection for connecting:
 - the TIG welding torch
 - the electrode cable for manual metal arc welding
- (2) LocalNet connection standardised connection socket for system add-ons (e.g. remote control, JobMaster TIG welding torch, etc.)
 (3) Handle (only for MagicWave 2200) carrying strap for MagicWave 1700
 (4) Torch control connection
 - for connecting the control plug of a conventional welding torch
 - input for the collision protection signal when a robot interface or field bus coupler is connected
- (5) Grounding (earthing) cable connection for connecting the grounding (earthing) cable
- (6) Shielding gas connection
- (7) Mains switch for switching the power source on and off
- (8) Mains cable with strain relief device

MagicWave 2500 / 3000 Job



MagicWave 2500 / 3000 Job - front

MagicWave 2500 / 3000 Job - rear

Function No. (1) Grounding (earthing) cable connection for connecting the grounding (earthing) cable (2) LocalNet connection standardised connection socket for system add-ons (e.g. remote control, JobMaster TIG welding torch, etc.) (3) Handle (4) **Torch control connection** for connecting the control plug of a conventional welding torch input for the collision protection signal when a robot interface or field bus cou-_ pler is connected (5) Welding torch connection for connecting: the TIG welding torch _ the electrode cable for manual metal arc welding _ Shielding gas connection (6) Mains cable with strain relief device (7) (8) Mains switch for switching the power source on and off

MagicWave 4000 / 5000 Job



MagicWave 4000 / 5000 Job - front

No. Function

(1)	Mains switch for switching the power source on and off
(2)	Welding torch connection for connecting the TIG welding torch
(3)	Electrode holder connection

(3) for connecting the electrode cable for manual metal arc welding

Torch control connection (4)

- for connecting the control plug of a conventional welding torch -
- input for the collision protection signal when a robot interface or field bus cou-_ pler is connected

(5) LocalNet connection standardised connection socket for system add-ons (e.g. remote control, JobMaster TIG welding torch, etc.)

- Grounding (earthing) cable connection (6) for connecting the grounding (earthing) cable
- (7) **Blanking cover** reserved for LocalNet connection
- (8) Mains cable with strain relief device
- (9) Shielding gas connection

TransTig 800 / 2200 Job



TransTig 800 / 2200 Job - front

TransTig 800 / 2200 Job - rear

No.	Function
(1)	 (+) current socket with bayonet latch for connecting the grounding (earthing) cable when TIG welding the electrode cable or grounding (earthing) cable during MMA welding (depending on the type of electrode)
(2)	LocalNet connection standardised connection socket for system add-ons (e.g. remote control, JobMaster TIG welding torch, etc.)
(3)	Handle (only for TransTig 2200) carrying strap for TransTig 800
(4)	 Torch control connection for connecting the control plug of a conventional welding torch input for the collision protection signal when a robot interface or field bus coupler is connected
(5)	 (-) current socket with bayonet latch for connecting the TIG welding torch the electrode cable or grounding (earthing) cable during MMA welding (depending on electrode type)
(6)	Shielding gas connection
(7)	Mains switch for switching the power source on and off
(8)	Mains cable with strain relief device

TransTig 2500 / 3000 Job



TransTig 2500 / 3000 Job - front

TransTig 2500 / 3000 Job - rear

No.	Function
(1)	 (+) current socket with bayonet latch for connecting the grounding (earthing) cable when TIG welding the electrode cable or grounding (earthing) cable during MMA welding (depending on electrode type)
(2)	LocalNet connection standardised connection socket for system add-ons (e.g. remote control, JobMas- ter TIG welding torch, etc.)
(3)	Handle
(4)	 Torch control connection for connecting the control plug of a conventional welding torch input for the collision protection signal when a robot interface or field bus coupler is connected
(5)	 (-) current socket with bayonet latch for connecting the TIG welding torch the electrode cable or grounding (earthing) cable during MMA welding (depending on the type of electrode)
(6)	Shielding gas connection
(7)	Mains cable with strain relief device
(8)	Mains switch for switching the power source on and off

TransTig 4000 / 5000 Job



TransTig 4000 / 5000 Job - front

TransTig 4000 / 5000 Job - rear

No. Function (1) (+) current socket with bayonet latch for connecting the grounding (earthing) cable when TIG welding the electrode cable or grounding (earthing) cable during MMA welding (depending on the type of electrode) (2) LocalNet connection standardised connection socket for system add-ons (e.g. remote control, JobMaster TIG welding torch, etc.) **Torch control connection** (3) for connecting the control plug of a conventional welding torch input for the collision protection signal when a robot interface or field bus cou-_ pler is connected (-) current socket with bayonet latch (4) for connecting the TIG welding torch the electrode cable or grounding (earthing) cable during MMA welding (depending on the type of electrode) (5) Mains switch for switching the power source on and off OFF = - O -ON = - I -**Blanking cover** (6) reserved for LocalNet connection (7) Mains cable with strain relief device (8) Shielding gas connection

Installation and commissioning

Minimum equipment needed for welding task

General	Depending on which welding process you intend to use, a certain minimum equipment level will be needed in order to work with the power source. The welding processes and the minimum equipment levels required for the welding task are then described.			
TIG AC welding	 MagicWave power source Grounding (earthing) cable TIG welding torch with rocker switch Gas connection (shielding gas supply), with pressure regulator Filler metals (as required by the application) 			
TIG DC welding	 Power source Grounding (earthing) cable TIG welding torch with rocker switch Gas connection (shielding gas supply) Filler metals (as required by the application) 			
Automated TIG welding	 Power source Robot interface or field bus connection Grounding (earthing) cable TIG machine welding torch or TIG robot welding torch (a cooling unit is also required with water-cooled machine or robot welding torches) Gas connection (shielding gas supply) Cold wire-feed unit and filler metals (as required by the application) 			
MMA welding	 Power source Grounding (earthing) cable Electrode holder Rod electrodes (as required by the application) 			

Before installation and commissioning

Safety	 WARNING! Operating the equipment incorrectly can cause serious injury and damage. Do not use the functions described until you have thoroughly read and understood the following documents: these operating instructions all the operating instructions for the system components, especially the safe-ty rules 			
Utilisation for in- tended purpose	 The power source is intended exclusively for TIG and MMA welding. Utilisation for any other purpose, or in any other manner, shall be deemed to be not in accordance with the intended purpose. The manufacturer shall not be liable for any damage resulting from such improper use. Proper use also includes: following all the information in the operating instructions carrying out all the specified inspection and servicing work 			
Setup regulations	 The device is tested to "Degree of protection IP23", meaning: protection against penetration by solid foreign bodies with diameters > 12.5 mm (0.49 in.) protection against direct sprays of water up to 60° from the vertical The device can be set up and operated outdoors in accordance with IP23. Avoid direct wetting (e.g. from rain). 			
	WARNING! If one of these machines topples over or falls it could cause serious or even fatal injury. Place device on a solid, level surface in such a way that it remains stable. The venting duct is a very important safety feature. When choosing the location for the device, ensure that the cooling air can enter and exit unhindered through the air ducts on the front and back of the device. Electrically conductive dust (e.g. from grinding work) must not be allowed to get sucked into the device.			
Mains connection	The devices are designed to run on the mains voltage shown on the respective rating plates. If your version of the device does not come with mains cables and plugs ready-fitted, these must be fitted in accordance with national regulations and standards. For details of fuse protection of the mains lead, please see the Technical Data.			
	NOTE! Inadequately dimensioned electrical installations can cause serious damage. The incoming mains lead and its fuse must be dimensioned to suit the local power supply. The technical data shown on the rating plate applies.			

Generator-powered operation (MW 1700 / 2200, TT 800 / 2200)

The MW 1700 / 2200 and TT 800 / 2200 power sources are generator-compatible, provided that the maximum apparent power delivered by the generator is at least 10 kVA.



NOTE The voltage delivered by the generator must never exceed the upper or lower limits of the mains voltage tolerance range. Details of the mains voltage tolerance are given in the "Technical data" section.

Connecting up the mains cable on US power sources

General

The US power sources are supplied without a mains cable. A mains cable appropriate for the connection voltage must be fitted prior to commissioning. A strain-relief device for a cable cross-section AWG 10 is installed on the power source. Strain-relief devices for larger cable cross-sections must be designed accordingly.

 Stipulated mains cables and strain-relief devices
 Power source
 Mains voltage
 Cable cross-section

 TT 4000/5000 MV Job, MW 4000/5000 MV
 3 x 380 - 460 V
 AWG 10

 Job
 3 x 200 - 240 V
 AWG 6

AWG ... American Wire Gauge

Safety

WARNING! Work that is carried out incorrectly can cause serious injury and damage. The following activities must only be carried out by trained and qualified personnel. Pay particular attention to the "Safety rules" sections in the power source and system component operating instructions.

Connecting the mains cable

Remove the left side panel of the power source

Strip about 100 mm (4 in.) of insulation from the end of the mains cable



1

2

- NOTE! The PE conductor (green, or green with yellow stripes) should be approx. 10 15 mm (0.4 0.6 in.) longer than the phase conductors.
- 3 Fit ferrules to phase conductors and the PE conductor of the mains cable; crimp ferrules with pliers

NOTE! If ferrules are not used, there is a risk of short circuits between the phase conductors or between phase conductors and the PE conductor. Fit ferrules to all phase conductors and the PE conductor of the stripped mains cable.



4 Undo the screws (2 x) and clamping nut (size 30) on the strain-relief device





Replacing the

vice

strain-relief de-

How to fit the large strain-relief device together



5 Insert the hexagon nut (size 50 mm) into the holding plate



NOTE! The points of the hexagon nut must point towards the holding plate for a reliable ground (earth) connection to the power source housing.

Screw the front of the large strain-relief 6 device into the hexagon nut (size 50 mm). The hexagon nut (size 50 mm) now bites into the holding plate.



Slot the large strain-relief device into 7 the housing and fasten it with 2 screws

- Connecting the mains cable 8
- Replace the left side panel of the pow-9 er source

Fitting a large strain-relief device

Start-up

Safety	 WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. If the machine is plugged into the mains electricity supply during installation, there is a high risk of very serious injury and damage. Do not carry out any work on the device unless the mains switch is in the "O" position, the device is unplugged from the mains. 			
Remarks on the cooling unit	 We recommend using a cooling unit for the following applications and situations: JobMaster TIG welding torch Robot welding Hosepacks over 5 m long TIG AC welding In general, where welding is performed in higher power ranges The cooling unit is powered from the power source. The cooling unit is ready for operation when the mains switch of the power source is in the "I" position. More information on the cooling unit can be found in the operating instructions for the cooling unit. 			
General	 This section describes how to commission the power source: for the main TIG welding application with reference to a standard configuration for a TIG welding device. The standard configuration consists of the following system components: power source cooling unit TIG manual welding torch pressure regulator gas cylinder gas cylinder holder trolley The steps set out below provide an overview of how to commission the power source. For detailed information about the individual steps, please refer to the operating instructions for the power source.			
Connecting the gas cylinder	 WARNING! If gas cylinders topple over, there is a risk of very serious injury and damage. Place gas cylinders on a solid, level surface in such a way that they remain stable Secure gas cylinders to prevent them from toppling over: fix the safety strap at the same height as the top part of the cylinder Never fix the safety strap around the neck of the cylinder Follow the gas cylinder manufacturer's safety instructions. Secure the gas cylinder Take the protective cap off the gas cylinder Briefly open the gas cylinder valve to remove any dust or dirt Check the seal on the pressure regulator 			

	5 Screw the pressure regulator onto the gas cylinder and tighten it				
	When using a TIG welding torch with an integral gas connector:				
	 6 Use the gas hose to connect the pressure regulator to the shielding gas connection on the rear of the power source 7 Tighten the union nut on the gas hose 				
	When using a TIG welding torch with no integral gas connector:				
	6 Connect the TIG welding torch gas hose to the pressure regulator				
Establishing a	1 Move the mains switch to the O position				
ground (earth) connection to the workpiece	 Plug the grounding (earthing) cable in and latch it for MagicWave: in the grounding (earthing) cable connection for TransTig: in the (+) current socket 				
	3 Use the other end of the grounding (earthing) cable to establish a connection to the workpiece				
Connecting the welding torch	CAUTION! Risk of damage from high frequencies. Do not use the JobMaster TIG welding torch with a LocalNet distributor.				
	1 Move the mains switch to the O position				
	 Plug in the TIG welding torch cable and latch it by turning it clockwise: for MagicWave: in the welding torch connection for TransTig: in the (-) current socket 				
	3 Plug the welding torch control plug into the torch control connection and latch it				
	connect the control line of the JobMaster TIG welding torch to the LocalNet connection				
	NOTE! Do not use pure tungsten electrodes (colour-coded green) on TransTig power sources.				
	4 Equip the welding torch in accordance with the welding torch operating instructions				
	 Only when using a water-cooled torch and cooling unit: Plug in the welding torch water connections to the water flow (black) and return (red) connections on the cooling unit. 				

Welding

TIG modes

Safety

WARNING! Operating the equipment incorrectly can cause serious injury and damage. Do not use the functions described until you have thoroughly read and understood the following documents:

- these operating instructions
- all the operating instructions for the system components, especially the safety rules

See the "The Setup menu" section for information on the settings, setting range and units of measurement of the available welding parameters.

Symbols and their explanations Pull back and hold the torch trig-Briefly pull back the torch trigger Release the torch trigger (< 0.5 s) aer Push forward and hold the torch Release the torch trigger trigger GPr SPt Gas pre-flow time Spot welding time IS I_E Starting-current phase: the temperature is Final current phase: to prevent any local raised gently at low welding current, so overheating of the base material due to

that the filler metal can be positioned correctly

ts

Starting current time

t_{up}

Upslope phase: the starting current is continuously increased until it reaches the main current (welding current) I1

I₁

Main current phase (welding-current phase): uniform thermal input into the base material, whose temperature is raised by the advancing heat

G-H

Gas post-flow time at maximum welding current

heat build-up towards the end of welding. This eliminates any risk of weld seam drop-through.

tE

Final current time

t_{down}

Downslope phase: the welding current is continuously lowered until it reaches the end-crater current.

I_2

Reduced current phase: intermediate lowering of the welding current in order to prevent any local overheating of the base material

G-L

Gas post-flow time at minimum welding current

2-step mode

- Welding: Pull back and hold the torch trigger
 - End of welding: Release the torch trigger



NOTE! To work in 2-step mode after it has been selected, the SPt set-up parameter must be set to "OFF" and the spot welding indicator on the control panel must not light up.



Spot welding

If a value has been set for the SPt set-up parameter, 2-step mode will have the spot welding mode function. The special spot welding indicator on the control panel will light up.

- Welding: briefly pull back the torch trigger
- The welding time corresponds to the value set for the SPt set-up parameter.
- to end the welding process prematurely: pull the torch trigger back again

When using a pedal remote control, the spot welding time starts when the pedal remote control is operated. The power cannot be controlled using the pedal remote control.



Spot welding

4-step mode

- Welding start-up with starting current I_S: Pull back and hold the torch trigger
- Welding with main current I₁: Release the torch trigger
 - Lowering to final current IE: Pull back and hold the torch trigger
- End of welding: Release the torch trigger



, **NOTE!** For 4-step mode, the special 4-step- (SFS) set-up parameter must be set to "OFF".



4-step mode

*) Intermediate lowering

Intermediate lowering during the main current phase reduces the welding current to the specified reduced current I_2 .

- To activate intermediate lowering, push forward and hold the torch trigger
- To revert to the main current, release the torch trigger

Special 4-stepVariant 1 of special 4-step mode is activated, when the special 4-step (SFS) set-up parameter-is set to "1".variant 1Briefly pull back the torch trigger to start intermediate lowering to the specified reduced current I2. Briefly pull back the torch trigger a second time, to restore the main current I1.

Special 4-step mode: Variant 1

Special 4-step mode: variant 2

Variant 2 of the special 4-step mode is activated when the special 4-step SFS set-up parameter -is set to "2".

Intermediate lowering takes place in variant 2 on the basis of the selected slope values - downslope t_{down} and upslope t_{up} :

- Push forward and hold the torch trigger: the welding current continuously drops at the set downslope value until it reaches the specified reduced current I₂. It remains at the reduced current value I₂ until the torch trigger is released.
- When the torch trigger is released: the welding current rises at the specified upslope value until it reaches the main current value I₁.



Special 4-step mode: Variant 2

Special 4-stepVariant 3 of special 4-step mode is activated when the special 4-step mode (SFS) set-up
parameter -is set to "3".variant 3In variant 3, push forward and hold the torch trigger to start intermediate lowering. Release

the torch trigger to resume the main current I_1 .

When the torch trigger is pulled back, welding ends immediately without downslope and final current.



Special 4-step mode: Variant 3

Special 4-step mode: variant 4

Variant 4 of the special 4-step mode is activated when the SFS set-up parameter is set to "4".

- Welding start-up and welding: briefly pull back and release the torch trigger the welding current will rise at the specified upslope value from the starting current I_S until it reaches the main current value I_1 .
- Push forward and hold the torch trigger for intermediate lowering
- Release the torch trigger to resume the main current I₁
- End of welding: briefly pull back and release the torch trigger



Special 4-step mode: variant 4

 Special 4-step
 Variant 5 of the special 4-step mode is activated when the SFS set-up parameter is set to

 mode:
 "5".

 variant 5
 Variant 5

Variant 5 allows the welding current to be increased and reduced without an up/down welding torch.

- The longer the torch trigger is held in the forward position during welding, the more the welding current increases (up to the maximum).
- The welding current remains constant when the torch trigger is released.
- The longer the torch trigger is pushed forward again, the more the welding current decreases.



Special 4-step mode: variant 5

Special 4-step mode: variant 6 Variant 6 of the special 4-step mode is activated when the SFS set-up parameter is set to "6".

- Welding start-up with starting current I_S and upslope: Pull back and hold the torch trigger
- Intermediate lowering to I₂ and changing from I₂ back to the main current I₁: briefly press (< 0.5 s) and release the torch trigger
- End the welding process: press the torch trigger for longer (> 0.5 s) and release.

The process is automatically ended after the downslope phase and the final current phase.

If the torch trigger is pressed briefly (< 0.5 s) and released during either the downslope phase or the final current phase, then an upslope will take effect until it reaches the main current and the welding process will continue.



Special 4-step mode: variant 6

Cap shaping and cap overloading

Cap shaping



On MagicWave power sources, an automatic cap-shaping function is available for the TIG AC welding process:

- When the TIG AC welding process is selected, activate automatic capshaping
- The ideal cap for the specified diameter of the tungsten electrode is formed during welding start-up. A separate cap-shaping operation on a test workpiece is not necessary.
- The automatic cap-shaping function is then reset and deactivated.
 The automatic cap-shaping function has to be activated separately for each tungsten electrode.

(1) Before ignition





NOTE! The automatic cap-shaping function is not necessary if a sufficiently large cap has already formed at the tip of the tungsten electrode.

Cap overloading If the cap is overloaded, there is a risk of an excessively large cap forming on the tungsten electrode. This will affect the ignition properties.



If the cap is overloaded, the "Electrode overload" indicator will light up on the control panel.

Possible causes of cap overloading:

- tungsten electrode diameter is too small
- main current value I₁ set too high
- the balance has been set too far towards "+"

Remedy:

- use a tungsten electrode with a larger diameter
- reduce the main current and/or set the balance further towards "-"



NOTE! The "Electrode overload" indicator is fine-tuned to work with the following tungsten electrodes:

- TIG AC welding: pure tungsten electrodes
- TIG DC welding: ceriated electrodes

For all other electrodes, the "Electrode overload" indicator must be treated as a reference value.

TIG welding

Safety

WARNING! Operating the equipment incorrectly can cause serious injury and damage. Do not use the functions described until you have thoroughly read and understood the following documents:

- these operating instructions
- all the operating instructions for the system components, especially the safety rules

WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. If the power source is connected to the mains electricity supply during installation, there is a high risk of very serious injury and damage. Before carrying out any work on the device make sure that:

the power source mains switch is in the "O" position
the power source is unplugged from the mains

Welding parame- ters		Starting current I	s			
	Unit		%			
	Setting	range	0 - 200% of main current I ₁			
	Factory	/ setting	35 AC, 50 DC			
		The starting current I _S is saved separately for the "TIG AC welding" and "TIG DO welding" modes.				
	t _{up}	Upslope t _{up}				
	Unit		S			
	Setting	range	0,0 - 9,9			
	Factory	/ setting	0,5			
		The upslope t _{up} is	saved separately for 2-step an	d 4-step modes.		
	لم O	Main current I ₁				
	Unit		A			
	Setting	range	MW 1700 Job 3 - 170	TT 800 Job 0,5 - 80,0		
			MW 2200 Job 3 - 220	TT 2200 Job 3 - 220		
			MW 2500 Job 3 - 250	TT 2500 Job 3 - 250		
			MW 3000 Job 3 - 300	TT 3000 Job 3 - 300		

Factory setting



NOTE On welding torches with the Up/Down function, the entire setting range can be selected while the device is idling. During welding, the main current can be corrected in steps of +/-20 A.

TT 4000 Job ... 3 - 400

TT 5000 Job ... 3 - 500

MW 4000 Job..... 3 - 400

MW 5000 Job..... 3 - 500

	1 ₂ (4-step mode)
Unit	% (of main current I ₁)
Setting range	0 - 100
Factory setting	50

_

own

Factory setting

Unit	S
Setting range	0,01 - 9,9
Factory setting	1,0

	The downslope t _{do}	wn is saved separately for 2-step and 4-step modes.
	Final current I _E	
Unit		% (of main current I ₁)
Setting	range	0 - 100
Factory	setting	30
-BALANCE+	Balance (only on N	AgicWave for TIG AC welding process)
Unit		1
Setting	range	-5 to +5

-5: highest fusing power, lowest cleaning action

0

+5: highest cleaning action, lowest fusing power

Wire feed speed (only on MW 4000/5000 and TT 4000/5000) when cold wire-feed unit option is available				
Unit	m/min	ipm		
Setting range	OFF / 0.1 - max.	OFF / 3.9 - max.		
Factory setting	OFF			
Electrode diameter				
Unit	mm	in.		
Setting range	OFF - max.	OFF - max.		
Factory setting	2,4	0.095		

Preparation

Plug in the mains plug 1

> CAUTION! Risk of injury and damage from electric shock. As soon as the mains switch is in the "I" position, the tungsten electrode of the welding torch is live. Make sure that the tungsten electrode does not touch any persons or electrically conductive or earthed parts (e.g. housing, etc.).

2 Move the mains switch to the I position

All the indicators on the control panel light up briefly.

TIG welding

Press the Mode button to select the required TIG mode: 1

2-step mode

4-step mode

2 Only with MagicWave: Press the Mode button to select the required TIG mode:



AC welding process

AC welding process with automatic cap-shaping function

DC welding process

3 Use the left or right parameter selection button to select the relevant welding parameters overview

4 Use the adjusting dial to set the selected welding parameter to the required value



NOTE! The wirefeed speed parameter is available even though it is not shown on the welding parameters overview for the MW 1700/2200/2500/ 3000 and TT 2200/2500/3000 power sources.

Setting the wirefeed speed parameter on MW 1700/2200/2500/3000 and on TT 2200/2500/3000

- a) Press the left Parameter Selection button until all the LEDs in the welding parameters overview go out
 - The m/min indicator on the unit indicators lights up
- b) Use the adjusting dial to set the wirefeed speed parameter to the required value The value for the wire feed speed is displayed in the right-hand digital display.

All welding parameter set values that have been set using the adjusting dial remain stored until the next time they are changed. This applies even if the power source is switched off and on again in the meantime.

- 5 Open the gas cylinder valve
- **6** Set the shielding gas flow rate:
 - Press the Gas test button
 - The test gas flow lasts for a maximum of 30 seconds. Press the button again to stop the gas flow prematurely.
 - Turn the adjusting screw on the underside of the pressure regulator until the pressure gauge shows the required gas flow rate
- For long hosepacks and if condensation forms when the device is left unused in a cold environment:

purge protective gas shield and set the GPU set-up parameter to a time value

8 Start welding (ignite the arc)

Igniting the arc

General	 To ensure the best ignition sequence in the TIG AC welding process, the MagicWave power sources take account of: the diameter of the tungsten electrode the current temperature of the tungsten electrode with reference to the preceding welding and weld-off times 		
	To ensure the ideal ignition sequence in TIG DC welding, MagicWave power sources are equipped with RPI (R everse P olarity Ignition). At the start of welding, the polarity is briefly reversed. Electrons emerge from the workpiece and strike the tungsten electrode. This results in the tungsten electrode heating up rapidly - an essential prerequisite for optimum ignition properties. For more information about the RPI function, please refer to the "Set-up menu DC: level 2" section in the set-up parameters chapter.		
Igniting the arc using high fre- quency (HF ignition)	HF ignition is activated when a time value has been set for the HFt setup parameter. The HF ignition indicator lights up on the control panel.		
	Compared with touchdown ignition, HF ignition eliminates the risk of contamination of the tungsten electrode and the workpiece.		

Procedure for HF ignition:



1 Place the gas nozzle down on the ignition location so that there is a gap of approx. 2 to 3 mm (5/64 to 1/8 in.) between the tungsten electrode and the workpiece


Touchdown ignition If the HFt nited by t

If the HFt setup parameter is set to OFF, HF ignition is deactivated. The welding arc is ignited by touching the workpiece with the tungsten electrode.

Procedure for igniting the arc using touchdown ignition:



Place the gas nozzle down on the ignition location so that there is a gap of approx. 2 to 3 mm (5/64 to 1/8 in.) between the tungsten electrode and the workpiece



End of welding

Depending on the set mode, finish welding by releasing the torch trigger

2 Wait for the set gas post-flow and hold welding torch in position over the end of the weld seam

Special functions and options

Arc break watch- dog function	If the arc breaks and the current does not start to flow again within the time specified in the set-up menu, the power source cuts out automatically. The service code "no Arc" appears on the control panel. To start the welding process again, press any key on the control panel or the torch trigger. The settings for the arc break watchdog set-up parameter (Arc) are described in the "TIG set-up menu - level 2" section.
Ignition time-out function	The power source has an ignition time-out function. Once the torch trigger is pressed, gas pre-flow begins immediately. Ignition then begins. If an arc does not appear within the time specified in the set-up menu, the power source cuts out automatically. The service code "no IGn" appears on the control panel. "E55" is displayed on the JobMaster TIG welding torch. To try again, press any key on the control panel or press the torch trigger. The settings for the ignition time-out parameter (ito) are described in the "TIG set-up menu: level 2" section.
TIG pulsing	 The welding current set at the start of welding is not always ideal for the welding process as a whole: if the amperage is too low, the base material will not melt sufficiently, if overheating occurs, the liquid weld pool may drip. The TIG pulsing function (TIG welding with pulsing welding current) offers a remedy: a low ground current I-G rises steeply to the significantly higher pulse current I1 and, depending on the set dcY (duty cycle) time, drops back to the ground current I-G. In TIG pulsing, small sections of the welding location melt quickly and then solidify again quickly. In manual applications using TIG pulsing, the welding wire is applied in the maximum current phase (only possible in the low frequency range: 0.25 - 5 Hz). Higher pulse frequencies are mainly used in automatic mode to stabilise the arc.

TIG pulsing is used for out-of-position welding of steel pipes or when welding thin sheets.



I _S	Starting current	F-P	Pulse frequency *)
Ι _Ε	Final current	dcY	Duty cycle
t _{up}	Upslope	I-G	Ground current
t _{Down}	Downslope	I ₁	Main current
*) (1/F-	P = time interval between two pul	ses)	

Tacking function The tacking function is available for the TIG DC welding process.

When a time period is specified for the tAC (tacking) set-up parameter, the tacking function is assigned to 2-step mode and 4-step mode. The operating sequence of the modes remains unchanged.

During this period, a pulsed welding current is present that makes the weld pool run together better when two parts are being tacked.

Mode of operation of tacking function when TIG DC welding is selected:



Tacking function - welding current curve

EN

tAC Duration of pulsed welding current for the tacking process

ام	Starting current
·	

IE Final current

t_{up} Upslope

t_{Down} Downslope

I₁ Main current



NOTE! The following points apply to the pulsed welding current:

- The power source automatically regulates the pulsing parameters as a function of the specified main current ${\rm I}_1$
- There is no need to set any pulsing parameters

The pulsed welding current begins:

- after the end of the starting-current phase I_S
- With the upslope phase t_{up}

Depending on what tAC time has been set, the pulsed welding current may continue up to and including the final current phase I_E (tAC set-up parameter set to "ON").

After the tAC time has elapsed, welding continues at a constant welding current, and any pulsing parameters that may have been set continue to be available.



NOTE! To set a specified tacking time, the tAC set-up parameter can be combined with the SPt set-up parameter (spot welding time).

TIG cold-wire welding

TIG cold-wire welding is only possible in conjunction with a cold wire- feed unit.

Mode of operation of TIG cold-wire welding at a set pulse frequency when DC welding is selected:

- a) Current waveshape
- b) Wire feed speed curve



 I_S

I _S	Starting current	dcY	D
١ _E	Final current	I-G	Ģ
t _{up}	Upslope	I ₁	Ν
t _{Down}	Downslope	F-P	P

- t_{Down} Fd.1 Wire feed speed 1
- dt1 Delay in the start of wirefeeding from the beginning of main current phase I₁
- ¹⁾ (1/F-P = time interval between 2 pulses)

- Duty cycle
- Ground current
 - Main current
- Pulse frequency ¹⁾ F-P
- Fd.2 Wire feed speed 2
- dt2 Delay in the end of wirefeeding from the end of main current phase I₁

MMA welding

Safety	 WARNING! Operating the equipment incorrectly can cause serious injury and damage. Do not use the functions described until you have thoroughly read and understood the following documents: these operating instructions all the operating instructions for the system components, especially the safe-ty rules
	 WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. If the power source is connected to the mains electricity supply during installation, there is a high risk of very serious injury and damage. Before carrying out any work on the device make sure that: the power source mains switch is in the "O" position the power source is unplugged from the mains
Preparation	 Switch off cooling units (set-up parameter C-C to OFF) Move the mains switch to the O position Disconnect the mains plug Disconnect the TIG welding torch Plug the grounding (earthing) cable in and latch it into place: for MagicWave: in the grounding (earthing) cable connection for TransTig: in the (+) current socket Use the other end of the grounding (earthing) cable to establish a connection to the workpiece
	 Plug in the electrode cable and twist it clockwise to latch it into place: for MagicWave: in the welding torch connection for TransTig: in the (-) current socket Plug in the mains plug
	CAUTION! Risk of injury and damage from electric shock. As soon as the mains switch is in the "I" position, the rod electrode in the electrode holder is live. Make sure that the rod electrode does not touch any persons or electrically conducting or earthed parts (e.g. the housing etc.).
	9 Move the mains switch to the I positionAll the indicators on the control panel light up briefly.
Manual metal arc welding	Press the Mode button to select: MMA welding mode
	 NOTE! If the MMA welding mode is selected, the welding voltage will only be available after a 3-second delay. Only for MagicWave: press the process button to select the required welding process: MMA AC welding process MMA DC- welding process MMA DC+ welding process



NOTE! The TransTig power source has no switchover facility between the MMA DC- and MMA DC+ welding processes.

Procedure with TransTig power source for switching from MMA DC- welding to MMA DC+ welding:

- a) Move the mains switch to the O position
- b) Disconnect the mains plug
- c) Reconnect the electrode holder and the earthing (grounding) cable to the opposite current sockets (i.e. swap them over)
- d) Plug in the mains plug

CAUTION! Risk of injury and damage from electric shock. As soon as the mains switch is in the "I" position, the rod electrode in the electrode holder is live. Make sure that the rod electrode does not touch any persons or electrically conducting or earthed parts (e.g. the housing etc.).

- e) Move the mains switch to the "I" position all the indicators on the control panel will briefly light up
- **3** Select the desired welding current with the adjusting dial

The welding current value is displayed in the left-hand digital display.



NOTE! All welding parameter set values that have been set using the adjusting dial remain stored until the next time they are changed. This applies even if the power source is switched off and on again in the meantime.

4 Start welding

Hotstart function To obtain optimum welding results, it will sometimes be necessary to adjust the hotstart function.

Benefits

- Improved ignition, even when using electrodes with poor ignition properties
- Better fusion of the base material in the start-up phase, meaning fewer cold-shut defects
- Largely prevents slag inclusions

See the "Set-up menu: level 2" section for details on setting the available welding parameters.



Legend

- Hti Hot-current time, 0-2 s, factory setting: 0.5 s
- HCU HotStart current, 0-200%, factory setting 150%
- I₁ Main current = set welding current

Function:

during the specified hot-current time (Hti), the welding current I_1 is increased to the HotStart current HCU.

To activate the hotstart function, the Hot-Start current HCU must be > 100.

Example of hotstart function

	Settings examples:
	HCU = 100 The HotStart current corresponds to the set welding current I ₁ . The hotstart function is not activated.
	HCU = 170 The HotStart current is 70% higher than the set welding current I ₁ . The hotstart function is activated.
	HCU = 200 The HotStart current is twice the set welding current I_1 . The hotstart function is activated, the HotStart current is at its maximum. HCU = 2 x I_1
Anti-stick func- tion	As the arc becomes shorter, the welding voltage may drop so far that the rod electrode will tend to stick. This may also cause the rod electrode to burn out.
	Electrode burn-out is prevented by activating the anti-stick function. If the rod electrode be- gins to stick, the power source immediately switches the welding current off. After the rod electrode has been detached from the workpiece, the welding process can be continued without any problems.
	The anti-stick function can be activated and deactivated in the "Set-up menu - level 2" sec- tion.

Job mode

General	Job mode enhances the quality of welding engineering fabrication, both in manual and au- tomated welding. Up to 100 common jobs (operating points) can be reproduced in Job mode, avoiding the need to document welding parameters by hand.
	Another advantage is that the power source is immediately ready for welding with the de- sired parameters. You can also arrange jobs in the order required by the production se- quence. "Grouping" of jobs is also supported (e.g. by different components).
	The result is to minimise downtimes while ensuring 100% reproducible quality.
Abbreviations	The following messages may be displayed while working with jobs:
	No job in this program location (job retrieval)
	nPGNo job in this program location (when saving a job)
	PrG There is a job in this program location
	Pro Briefly displayed while job is being copied
	dEL Briefly displayed while job is being deleted

Saving a job

NOTE! Jobs are not created in the Job mode process. Jobs can be created in the TIG AC welding, TIG DC welding and manual metal arc welding processes.

The device comes with no jobs pre-programmed. To create a job, proceed as follows:

Set the desired welding parameters that you want to store as a "Job".





NOTE! All the settings that are active at that instant will be stored. Exception: Power source specific settings in set-up menu - level 2

[2] Briefly press the Store button to switch to the Job menu.

The first vacant program location for the job is shown.



3 Select the desired program location with the adjusting dial, or leave the suggested program location unchanged.



Press and hold the Store button

NOTE! If the selected program location already has a job stored in it, the existing job will be overwritten by the new one. This action cannot be undone.

The left-hand digital display reads "Pro" - the job is stored in the program location you have just selected.



EN

"PrG" appears on the left-hand digital display to indicate that the job is now saved.



5 Release the Store button

6 Briefly press the Store button to exit from the job menu.

The power source switches to the setting selected before the job was stored.



Retrieving a job

 NOTE! Before retrieving a job, make sure that the welding system has been installed and set up for the job.



JOB Using the Mode button, select Job mode.

The display shows the last job that was used.



2 Use the adjusting dial to select the desired job.



- To view the settings for this job, use the left and right parameter selection buttons. The settings cannot be modified.
- The mode and process (MagicWave) of the stored job are displayed.
- When you retrieve a job directly from the power source, you can also select vacant program locations (symbolised by "- - -").

3 Start welding

Welding takes place with the welding parameters stored in the job. During welding you can switch to another job without stopping (e.g. in robot operation).

When you change to another process, Job mode is ended.

Retrieving jobs
on the JobMasterIn Job mode, TIG jobs can also be selected using the JobMaster TIG welding torch.TIGOnly program locations that have already been programmed can be selected using the
JobMaster TIG torch. This allows related jobs to be grouped when they are saved since a
vacant program location is left after every job group.

When retrieving jobs using the JobMaster TIG welding torch, the Mode button (1) allows you to switch between the jobs in a group.



Example of job retrieval with the JobMaster TIG welding torch

a) ... Group 1 b) ... Group 2

c) ... Group 3

To switch to another group of jobs on the JobMaster TIG welding torch:

- Press the parameter settings button (1) for longer than 2 s
- This switches to the next group up (or down)



NOTE! It is not possible to change group while welding is in progress.

Copying/overwriting a job

In Job mode you can copy a job that has already been saved to one program location to any other program location. To copy a job, proceed as follows:

1 JOB **Using the Mode button, select Job mode.**

The display shows the last job that was used.



[2] Use the adjusting dial to select the desired job.



Briefly press the Store button to change to the job menu.

The first vacant program location for the job to be copied is suggested



Select the desired program location with the adjusting dial, or leave the suggested program location unchanged.



5 Press and hold the Store button



NOTE! If the selected program location already has a job stored in it, the existing job will be overwritten by the new one. This action cannot be undone.

The left-hand digital display reads "Pro" - the job is copied to the program location you have just selected.



"PrG" appears on the left-hand digital display to indicate that the job has been copied.



6 Release the Store button

Briefly press the Store button to exit from the Job menu

The power source switches to the setting selected before the job was copied.



Deleting a job

Stored jobs can also be deleted again. To delete a job, proceed as follows:

- Briefly press the Store button to switch to the Job menu.
 - The first vacant program location is shown.



2 Using the adjusting dial, select the job to be deleted (the "DEL" symbol lights up on the Gas test button).

EI



[3] Press and hold the Gas test "DEL" button.

The left-hand digital display reads "dEL" - the job is deleted.



"nPG" appears on the left-hand digital display to indicate that the job has been deleted.





4

5 Briefly press the Store button to exit from the job menu.

The power source switches to the setting selected before the job was deleted



Setup settings

Job correction

General	In the Job co of individual	rrection menu, setup p jobs.	parameters can be adapted	to the specific requirements
Opening the Job correction menu	ЈОВ 🔵 🗌	Using the Mode bu	itton, select "Job mode".	
	\Rightarrow	2 Press and hold the	Store button	
		Press the Mode bu	itton	
		The power source rameter, "Job", is s which the welding	is now in the Job correction hown. The "Job" parameter parameters are to be adjus	menu. The first welding pa- is used to select the job for ted.
Changing weld- ing parameters	()	Turn the adjusting want to change	dial to select the job whose	e welding parameters you
		2 Use the left or righ rameter that you w	t parameter selection butto ant to correct	n to select the welding pa-
		3 Use the adjusting of	dial to change the welding p	parameter value
	•	IMPORTANT! Any mediately and acc	welding parameters that yo epted as the valid paramete	ou change will be stored im- ers for the welding process.
Exiting the Job correction menu	(Press the Store bu	tton	
Welding parame- ters that can be corrected in the Job correction menu	NO and the para es.	TE! Certain welding particities of the second sec	arameters apply specifically o altering settings that were tored. There is an explanat ig list, together with informa	to the Job correction menu made on the control panel ion of each of these welding ation about the setting rang-
	You can alte	r the following welding	parameters for any stored	job:
	Eld Electrode Di	iameter		
	Unit	mm	in.	

OFF - max.

2,4

Setting range

Factory setting

OFF - max.

0.095

I-S I (current)-Starting - Sta	arting current I _S	
Unit	% (of main current I ₁)	
Setting range	0 - 200	
Factory setting	35	
UPS		
UpSlope t _{up} - time for t	he transition from the starting cur	rent I_s to the main current I_1
Unit	S	
Setting range	0,0 - 9,9	
Factory setting	0,5	
I-1		
I (current)-1 - main cur	rent I ₁	
Unit	A	
Setting range	MW 1700 Job3 - 170 MW 2200 Job3 - 220 MW 2500 Job3 - 250 MW 3000 Job3 - 300 MW 4000 Job3 - 400 MW 5000 Job3 - 500	TT 800 Job0.5 - 80.0 TT 2200 Job3 - 220 TT 2500 Job3 - 250 TT 3000 Job3 - 300 TT 4000 Job3 - 400 TT 5000 Job3 - 500
Factory setting	-	
I-2 I (current)-2 - reduced	current I ₂ (only active in 4-step m	iode)
Unit	% (of main current I ₁)	
Setting range	0 - 100	
Factory setting	50	
dSL DownSlope t _{down} - time	e for the transition from main curr	ent I ₁ to final current I _E
Unit	S	
Setting range	0,0 - 9,9	
Factory setting	1,0	
I-E I (current)-End - Final c	current I _E	
Unit	% (of main current I ₁)	
Setting range	0 - 100	
Factory setting	30	
JSL		

Job Slope - For changing to another job during welding. "JSL" is the time that it takes for the welding current to adjust seamlessly from the present job to the next.

Unit	S
Setting range	OFF / 0.1 - 9.9
Factory setting	OFF

IMPORTANT! You can set the job slope "JSL" separately for each job that is stored.



NOTE! Switching over from one job to the next without interrupting welding is only possible with a JobMaster TIG welding torch, robot interface or field bus.

GPr Gas pre-flow time	
Unit	S
Setting range	0 - 9,9
Factory setting	0,4
G-L	
Gas-Low - gas post-flo (minimum gas post-flov	w time at minimum welding current v time)
Unit	S
Setting range	0 - 25
Factory setting	5
G-H Gas-High - Increase in	the gas post-flow time at maximum welding current
Unit	S
Setting range	0 - 40/Aut
Factory setting	Aut
For further information	on the G-H narameter, see the TIG set-up menu
Tacking function: Dura	tion of the pulsed welding current at the start of tacking
Unit	S
Setting range	OFF / 0.1 - 9.9 / ON
Factory setting	OFF
For further information	on the tAC parameter, see the TIG set-up menu.
F-P Frequency-pulsing - Pu	Ilse frequency
Unit	Hz / kHz
Setting range	OFF / 0.20 Hz - 2.00 kHz
Factory setting	OFF
For further information	on the F-P parameter, see the TIG set-up menu.
dcY Duty cycle - The ratio c has been set	f pulse duration to base current duration when a pulse frequency
Unit	%
Setting range	10 - 90
Factory setting	50
I-G I (current)-Ground - Gr	ound current
Unit	% (of main current I_1)
Setting range	0 - 100
Factory setting	50

tri trigger - Mode sele	ction
Unit	<u> </u>
Setting range	2t / 4t
	2t = 2-step mode 4t = 4-step mode
SPt Spot welding time	
Unit	S
Setting range	OFF / 0.01 - 9.9
Factory setting	OFF
For further informa	tion on the SPt parameter, see the TIG set-up menu.
t-S time-Starting - Star	ting current duration
Unit	S
Setting range	OFF / 0.01 - 9.9
Factory setting	OFF
For further informa	tion on the t-S parameter, see the TIG set-up menu.
t-E time-End - Final cu	irrent duration
Unit	s
Setting range	OFF / 0.01 - 9.9
Factory setting	OFF
For further informa	tion on the t-E parameter, see the TIG set-up menu.
POL Polarity - Polarity o	of the welding current
Unit	-
Setting range	AC / nEG / POS
	AC = AC welding
	nEG = DC- welding POS = DC+ welding
ACF AC frequency	
Unit	Hz
Setting range	Syn / 40 - 250
Factory setting	60
For further informa AC / polarity rever	tion on the ACF parameter, see the sal set-up menu.

lo

AC current offset

Unit	%
Setting range	-70 to +70
Factory setting	0

For further information on the lo parameter, see the AC / polarity reversal set-up menu.

bAL

Balance - Relationship between fusing power and cleaning action

Unit	1
Setting range	-5 to +5
Factory setting	0
-5	= highest fusing power, lowest cleaning action
+5	= highest cleaning action, lowest fusing power

l-c

I (current) correction - I₁-correction range for job retrieval

Unit	%
Setting range	OFF / 1 - 100
Factory setting	OFF

IMPORTANT!The I₁ correction range only applies to job retrieval.

In the jobs, all the settings are permanently saved, i.e. cannot be changed. However, the welding parameter "I-c" permits subsequent correction of the main current I_1 .

Example

The set-up parameter "I-c" has been set to 30%:

- The welding current I_1 can then be decreased or increased by up to 30%.

IMPORTANT! Every subsequent correction of the main current I_1 is reset (i.e. cancelled) when the power source is switched off.

Fd.1 Feeder 1 - wire feed speed 1 (cold wire-feed unit option)			
Unit	m/min ipm.		
Setting range	OFF / 0.1 - max.	OFF / 3.94 - max.	
Factory setting OFF OFF		OFF	
Fd.2 Feeder 2 - wire feed speed 2 (cold wire-feed unit option)			
Unit	m/min	ipm.	
Setting range	OFF / 0.1 - max.	OFF / 3.94 - max.	
Factory setting	OFF	OFF	
For further information on the Fd.2 parameter, see the TIG set-up menu.			

dYn

dynamic - arc force dynamic correction

Unit	-
Setting range	0 - 100
Factory setting	20

For further information on the dYn parameter, see the rod electrode set-up menu.

HCU

Hot-Start current

Unit	%
Setting range	0 - 200
Factory setting	150

dt1

delay time 1 - time by which the start of wirefeeding is delayed after the beginning of main current phase I_1 (cold wire-feed unit option)

Unit	S
Setting range	OFF / 0.1 - 9.9
Factory setting	OFF

dt2

delay time 2 - time by which the start of wirefeeding is delayed after the beginning of main current phase I_1 (cold wire-feed unit option)

Unit	S	
Setting range	OFF / 0.1 - 9.9	
Factory setting	OFF	
Fdi Feeder inching - Feeder inching speed (cold wire-feed unit option)		
Unit	m/min	ipm.
Setting range	0.1 - max.	3.94 - max.
Factory setting	5	197
Fdb Feeder backward - wire withdrawal (cold wire-feed unit option)		
Unit	mm	in.
Setting range	OFF / 1 - 50	OFF / 0.04 - 1.97
Factory setting	OFF	OFF
For further information on the Fdb parameter, see the TIG set-up menu.		

The Setup menu

General	 The set-up menu provides easy access to the knowledge base in the power source and to additional functions. The set-up menu can be used to make simple adjustments of the welding parameters to suit the various job settings. The Set-up menu contains all the set-up parameters that have an immediate effect on the welding process. Set-up menu - level 2 contains all the set-up parameters needed for making the pre-liminary settings on the welding machine.
	The welding parameters are arranged in logical groups. Each of these groups is called up by pressing a different combination of buttons.
Overview	 "The Set-up menu" is composed of the following sections: Protective gas shield set-up menu TIG set-up menu TIG set-up menu: level 2 AC/polarity reversal set-up menu AC/polarity reversal set-up menu - level 2 Rod electrode set-up menu Rod electrode set-up menu level 2 Displaying welding circuit resistance r Displaying welding circuit inductivity L

Shielding gas setup menu

General The Protective gas shield set-up menu provides easy access to the protective gas shield settings. **Opening the Pro-**Press and hold the Store button 1 tective gas shield set-up menu Press the Gas test button 2 The power source is now in the Protective gas shield set-up menu. The last welding parameter selected is displayed. Changing weld-Use the left or right parameter selection button to select the welding pa-1 ing parameters rameter that you want to change Use the adjusting dial to change the welding parameter value 2 Exiting the set-up Press the Store button 1 menu Welding parame-"Minimum" and "maximum" are used for setting ranges that differ according to power ters in the Protecsource, wire-feed unit, welding program, etc. tive gas shield set-up menu GPr Gas pre-flow time Unit s 0,0 - 9,9 Setting range Factory setting 0,4 G-L Gas-Low - gas post-flow time at minimum welding current (minimum gas post-flow time) Unit s Setting range 0 - 25 Factory setting 5 G-H Gas-High - Increase in the gas post-flow time at maximum welding current Unit s 0 - 40/Aut Setting range Factory setting Aut

The value set for G-H only applies if the maximum welding current actually has been set. The actual value is derived from the present welding current. For a medium welding current, for example, the actual value will be half of the value set for G-H.

IMPORTANT! The values set for the G-L and G-H set-up parameters are added together. For example, if both welding parameters are at maximum (25 s / 40 s), the gas post-flow will last:

- 25 s at minimum welding current
- 65 s at maximum welding current
- 37.5 s if the welding current is exactly half the maximum, etc.

If Aut is set, the gas post-flow time G-H is calculated automatically. This takes the selected process (AC or DC welding) into account.



Gas post-flow time as a function of the welding current

GAS

Gasflow - set value for protective gas shield flow ("digital gas control" option)

Unit	l/min	cfh
Setting range	OFF / 5.0 - max.	OFF / 10.71 - max.
Factory setting	15	32.14

IMPORTANT! Please refer to "Digital Gas Control" instructions for more detailed explanations of "GAS" parameters.

GPU

Gas purger - protective gas shield purging

Unit	min
Setting range	OFF / 0.1 - 10.0
Factory setting	OFF

Purging of the protective gas shield begins as soon as a value is set for GPU. For safety reasons, purging of the protective gas shield cannot be restarted until a new GPU value is entered.

IMPORTANT! Purging of the protective gas shield is necessary if condensation forms when the device is left unused in a cold environment for a prolonged period. Long hosepacks are most affected.

TIG setup menu

Opening the TIG set-up menu	CURN 1 Pres	s the Mode button to select 2-step mode or 4-step mode
	Pres	s and hold the Store button
	🕿 🛐 Pres	s the Mode button
	The eter	power source is now in the TIG set-up menu. The last welding param- selected is displayed.
Changing weld- ing parameters	Use I Use	the left or right parameter selection button to select the welding pa- eter that you want to change
	Use	the adjusting dial to change the welding parameter value
Exiting the set-up menu		s the Store button
Welding parame- ters in the TIG set- up menu	"Minimum" and "maximum" are used for setting ranges that differ according to power source, wire-feed unit, welding program, etc. SPt Spot welding time	
	Unit	S
	Setting range	OFF / 0.05 - 25.0
	Factory setting	OFF
	If a value has been a of the spot welding r	set for the SPt set-up parameter, 2-step mode will have the function mode.
	••• The special spo has been special	t welding indicator on the control panel remains lit as long as a value fied for the spot welding time.

tAC

Tacking function when TIG DC welding is selected: Duration of the pulsed welding current at the start of tacking

Unit	S
Setting range	OFF / 0.1 - 9.9 / ON
Factory setting	OFF
ON	The pulsed welding current remains in effect until the end of the tacking operation
0.1 - 9.9 s	The set time begins with the upslope phase. After the end of the pre-set time period, welding continues with a constant welding current; any pulsing parameters that have been set are available.
OFF	The tacking function is deactivated

The special tacking indicator on the control panel remains lit as long as a value has been specified for the tacking time.

F-P

Frequency-pulsing - Pulse frequency

Unit	Hz / kHz
Setting range	OFF / 0.20 Hz - 2.00 kHz
Factory setting	OFF

The selected pulse frequency is also used for the reduced current I_2 .

IMPORTANT! If F-P is set to "OFF":

- the set-up parameters dcY, I-G and Fd.2 cannot be selected
- the wire feed speed set on the control panel is used for constant wirefeed at a constant welding current.

The special pulsing indicator on the control panel remains lit as long as a value has been specified for the pulse frequency.

Selecting the pulse frequency F-P:

0.2 Hz to 5 Hz	Thermal pulsing (out-of-position welding, automated welding)
1 kHz to 2 kHz	Arc-stabilising pulsing (stabilising the arc at a low welding cur- rent)

dcY

Duty cycle - The ratio of pulse duration to base current duration when a pulse frequency has been set

Unit	%			
Setting range	10 - 90			
Factory setting	50			
I-G				
I (current)-Ground - Gro	ound current			
Unit	% (of main current I ₁)			
Setting range	0 - 100			
Factory setting	50			

t-S time-Starting - Starting current duration

Unit	S
Setting range	OFF / 0.01 - 9.9
Factory setting	OFF

The starting current time t-S specifies the duration of the starting-current phase I_s .

IMPORTANT! The t-S set-up parameter only applies to 2-step mode. In 4-step mode, the duration of the starting-current phase I_s is controlled using the torch trigger

t-E time-End - Final current duration

Unit	S
Setting range	OFF / 0.01 - 9.9
Factory setting	OFF

The final current time t-E specifies the duration of the final current phase I_E .

IMPORTANT! The setup parameter t-E only applies to 2-step mode. In 4-step mode, the duration of the final current phase I_E is controlled with the torch trigger (see: "TIG operating modes").



2-step mode: Starting and final current time

Legend:

GPr	Gas pre-flow time	I ₁	Main current
I _S	Starting current	t _{down}	Downslope
t _S	Starting curr time	١ _E	Final current
t _{up}	UpSlope	t _E	Final current time



Feeder 2 - wirefeed speed 2 (only where an optional cold wire-feed unit is connected)

Unit	m/min	ipm.
Setting range	OFF / 0.1 - max.	OFF / 3.94 - max.
Factory setting	OFF	OFF

If a different value is set for each of the set-up parameters Fd.2 and F-P, the wirefeed speed alternates between the values set for Fd.1 and Fd.2 according to the pulse frequency F-P of the welding current.

dt1

delay time 1 - time by which the start of wirefeeding is delayed after the beginning of main current phase I_1 (only where an optional cold wire-feed unit is connected)

Unit	S
Setting range	OFF / 0.1 - 9.9
Factory setting	OFF

dt2

delay time 2 - time by which the start of wirefeeding is delayed after the beginning of main current phase I_1 (only where an optional cold wire-feed unit is connected)

Unit	s
Setting range	OFF / 0.1 - 9.9
Factory setting	OFF

Fdb

Feeder backward - wire withdrawal (cold wire-feed unit option)

Unit	mm	in.
Setting range	OFF / 1 - 50	OFF / 0.04 - 1.97
Factory setting	OFF	OFF

IMPORTANT!Wire withdrawal prevents the welding wire from burning at the end. Before the welding current is switched off, the wire is withdrawn to the set value. A prerequisite for this function is that the arc has ignited.

FAC

Factory - for resetting the welding machine

Press and hold the Store button for 2 s to reset the machine to the factory settings. When the digital display shows "PrG", the welding system has been reset.

IMPORTANT! When the welding system is reset, all the personal settings in the set-up menu are lost. Jobs are not deleted when the welding machine is reset - these are preserved. Welding parameter settings in set-up menu - level 2 are not deleted.

2nd

set-up menu - level 2: second level of the set-up menu

TIG setup menu: level 2

Opening the TIG set-up menu: lev- el 2	1 2 2 3 3	Opening the TIG set-up menu Select "2nd" welding parameter Press and hold the Store button Press the Mode button The power source is now in the TIG set-up menu - level 2. The last weld- ing parameter selected is displayed.
Changing weld- ing parameters		Use the left or right parameter selection button to select the welding pa- rameter that you want to change
	2	Use the adjusting dial to change the welding parameter value
Exiting the TIG set-up menu: lev- el 2	€12	Press the Store button The power source is now in the TIG set-up menu To exit from the TIG set-up menu, press the Store button again
Welding parame- ters in the TIG set- up menu - level 2	"Minimum" and source, wire-fee	"maximum" are used for setting ranges that differ according to power ed unit, welding program, etc.
	SFS Special four-step mode	
	Unit	<u>-</u>
	Setting range	OFF / 1 - 6
	Factory setting	OFF
		1 Variant 1 4 Variant 4
		2 Variant 2 5 Variant 5
		5 vanant 5 6 vanant 6

STS

Special Two Step - Special 2-step mode for HF ignition after touching the workpiece

Unit

Setting range	OFF / 1
Factory setting	OFF

Ignition sequence, when the STS parameter is set to 1:

- Touch the workpiece with the tungsten electrode
- The short-circuit detection on the power source is triggered
- Lift the tungsten electrode off
- After 300 ms the gas pre-flow time begins
- HF ignition is initiated
- Welding ends due to arc break

C-C

Cooling unit control (option)

Unit	-
Setting range	Aut / ON / OFF
Factory setting	Aut
Aut	Cooling unit is switched off 2 minutes after the end of welding
ON	Cooling unit is ON all the time
OFF	Cooling unit is OFF all the time

IMPORTANT! If the coolant unit is provided with the optional "thermostat", the coolant return temperature is checked continuously. If the return temperature is less than 50 °C, the cooling unit is switched off automatically.

C-t

Cooling time - time from when the flow watchdog is triggered until the "no | H2O" service code is output. For example, if there are air bubbles in the cooling system, the cooling unit will not cut out until the end of this pre-set time.

Unit	S
Setting range	5 - 25
Factory setting	10

IMPORTANT! Each time the power source is switched on, the cooling unit carries out a test run for 180 seconds.

HFt

High frequency time - high frequency ignition: Time interval between the HF pulses

Unit	S
Setting range	0.01 - 0.4 / OFF / EHF (start with external arc starters, e.g. plasma welding)
Factory setting	0,01



NOTE! If there are problems with sensitive equipment in the immediate vicinity, increase the HFt parameter to a maximum of 0.4 s.



The special HF ignition indicator remains lit as long as a value has been specified for the HFt parameter.

If the HFt set-up parameter is set to "OFF", no high frequency ignition takes place at the start of welding. In this case, welding starts with touchdown ignition.

Pri

Pre Ignition - delayed ignition with immediate high frequency start

Unit	S
Setting range	OFF / 0.1 - 1
Factory setting	OFF

If a time value is set for the parameter Pri, the welding arc is ignited with a delay corresponding to this value: Press the torch trigger - high frequency is activated for the specified duration - the welding arc is ignited

r

r (resistance) - welding circuit resistance (in mOhm) see "Displaying welding circuit resistance r"

L

L (inductivity) - welding circuit inductivity (in microhenry) see "Displaying welding circuit inductivity L"

Ito

Ignition time-out - time until safety cut-out following an abortive ignition attempt

Unit	S
Setting range	0,1 - 9,9
Factory setting	5

IMPORTANT! "Ignition time-out" is a safety function so it cannot be deactivated. A description of the "Ignition time-out" function can be found in the section headed "TIG welding".

Arc

Arc - arc break watchdog: Time until safety cut-out following an arc break

Unit	S
Setting range	0,1 - 9,9
Factory setting	2

IMPORTANT! The arc break watchdog is a safety function and cannot be deactivated. A description of the arc break watchdog function may be found in the section "TIG welding".

SEt

Setting - Country-specific setting (Standard / USA) ... Std / US

Unit	-
Setting range	Std, US (Standard / USA)
Factory setting	Standard version: Std (measurements: cm / mm) USA version: US (measurements in inches)

E-P

External parameter - a user-defined welding parameter for the JobMaster TIG welding torch or robot interface (both optional).

A freely selectable welding parameter is available both on the JobMaster TIG welding torch and for the robot interface. If "E-P" has been selected, you can use the adjusting dial to choose between the following possibilities for this freely definable welding parameter:

- OFF No freely defined welding parameter has been assigned (factory setting)
- ELd Electrode diameter
- bAL Balance
- SPt Spot welding time
- I-S Starting current
- UPS UpSlope
- I-2 Reduced current
- dsl Downslope
- I-E Final current
- ACF AC frequency
- F-P Pulse frequency
- dcY Duty cycle
- I-G Ground current
- tAC Tacking function: Duration of the tacking operation
- Fd.1 Wire feed speed 1 (cold wire-feed unit option)

The number of user-defined welding parameters depends on the configuration and the mode that has been selected.

ACS

Automatic current switch - automatic switchover to main current

Unit	-
Setting range	ON / OFF
Factory setting	ON
ON	The welding parameter I_1 (main current) will automatically be selected after welding has started. The main current I_1 can be set immediately.
OFF	The last selected welding parameter remains set during welding. The last selected welding parameter can be set immediately. No automatic selection of parameter I_1 takes place.
PPU	

Select push-pull unit (cold wire-feed unit option)

FCO

Feeder control - Wire-feed unit cut-out (wire end sensor option)

Unit	-	
Setting range	OFF / ON / noE	
Factory setting	OFF	
OFF	The power source halts wire feed when the wire end sensor is triggered. "Err 056" appears on the display.	
ON	When the wire end sensor is triggered, the power source only halts wire feed after the current weld has been completed. "Err 056" appears on the display.	
noE	The power source does not halt wire feed when the wire end sen- sor is triggered. The wire end alarm is not displayed and is only transmitted to the robot control via the field bus.	
IMPORTANT! The "noE" setting only functions in conjunction with the field bus applica-		

tions. Robot interfaces ROB 4000/5000 do not support this function.

COr

Correction - Gas correction ("Digital gas control" option)

-

Unit

Setting range	AUT / 1.0 - 10.0
Factory setting	Aut

IMPORTANT! Please refer to "Digital Gas Control" instructions for more detailed explanations of the "COr" parameter.

AC/polarity reversal set-up menu

General	This set-up menu is only available with MagicWave power sources.		
Opening the AC/ polarity reversal set-up menu	Press	Press the Process button to select the AC welding process	
	3 Press	the Process button	
	The po weldin	ower source is now in the AC/polarity reversal set-up menu. The last g parameter selected is displayed.	
Changing weld-	[1] Use th	e left or right parameter selection button to select the welding pa-	
ing parameters	ramete	er that you want to change	
	Use th	e adjusting dial to change the welding parameter value	
Exiting the set-up menu	Press	the Store button	
Welding parame- ters in the AC/po- larity reversal set-	"Minimum" and "maxir source, wire-feed unit,	num" are used for setting ranges that differ according to power welding program, etc.	
up menu	ACF AC frequency		
	Unit	Hz	
	Setting range	Syn / 40 - 250	
	Factory setting	60	
	Syn	for mains synchronisation of two power sources for simultaneous AC welding.	
	IMPORTANT! In addition to the "Syn" setting, take account of the "PhA" parameter (phase adjustment in set-up menu - level 2 AC/polarity reversal).		
	Low frequency	soft, distant arc with shallow heat input	
	High frequency	focused arc with deep heat input	

lo

AC current offset

Unit	%
Setting range	-70 to +70
Factory setting	0
+70 -70	distant arc with shallow heat input narrow arc, deep heat input, faster welding speed

*)

2nd

set-up menu - level 2: second level of the set-up menu



Effect of the AC parameters on the waveshape

- (1) Balance
- (2) AC frequency
- (3) AC current offset
 - Factory setting: 20% shift to the negative

AC/polarity reversal set-up menu - level 2

General	This set-up menu is only available with MagicWave power sources.		
Opening the AC/ polarity reversal set-up menu - lev- el 2	 Open Select Select Press Press The port The port 	the AC/polarity reversal set-up menu t "2nd" welding parameter and hold the Store button the Process button ower source is now in the set-up menu - level 2 AC/polarity reversal. ist welding parameter selected is displayed.	
Changing weld- ing parameters	Use the set of the set	ne left or right parameter selection button to select the welding pa- er that you want to change ne adjusting dial to change the welding parameter value	
Exiting from the AC/polarity re- versal set-up menu - level 2	 Press The p To exi again 	the Store button ower source is now in the AC/polarity reversal set-up menu t from the AC/polarity reversal set-up menu, press the Store button	
Welding parame- ters in the AC/po- larity reversal set-	"Minimum" and "maximum" are used for setting ranges that differ according to power source, wire-feed unit, welding program, etc.		
up menu - level 2	PoS Positive half wave		
		<u>_</u>	
	Setting range	tri / Sin / rEc / OFF	
	Factory setting	OFF	
	tri	Triangular waveform	
	Sin	Sine sinusoidal waveform (standard setting for a low-noise, stable arc)	
	rEc	Rectangular waveform with decreased edge steepness, for re- ducing noise levels compared to those that occur with the 100% rectangular waveform	
	OFF	100% rectangular waveform (stable but loud arc)	
nEG

negative half-wave

Unit Setting range Factory setting	- tri / Sin / rEc / OFF OFF
tri	Triangular waveform
Sin	Sine sinusoidal waveform (standard setting for a low-noise, stable arc)
rEc	Rectangular waveform with decreased edge steepness, for re- ducing noise levels compared to those that occur with the 100% rectangular waveform
OFF	100% rectangular waveform (stable but loud arc)

PhA

Phase adjustment of the mains connection of two power sources for simultaneous AC welding.

Unit

_

Onit	-
Setting range	0 - 5
Factory setting	0

IMPORTANT! Before phase adjustment the "ACF" parameter must be set to "Syn" in the AC/polarity reversal set-up menu.

Phase adjustment takes place as follows:

- Prepare a test workpiece for simultaneous AC welding.
- Adjust the PhA value on a power source to between 0 and 5 until the best welding result is achieved.

DC set-up menu

General	This set-up menu is only available with MagicWave power sources.	
Opening the DC set-up menu	Press the Process button to select the DC welding process	
	 Press the Process button The power source is now in the DC set-up menu. The last welding parameter selected is displayed. 	
Changing weld- ing parameters	 Use the left or right parameter selection button to select the welding parameter that you want to change Use the adjusting dial to change the welding parameter value 	
Exiting the set-up menu	Press the Store button	
Welding parame- ters in the DC set- up menu	"Minimum" and "maximum" are used for setting ranges that differ according to power source, wire-feed unit, welding program, etc.	
	2nd set-up menu - level 2: second level of the set-up menu	

DC set-up menu - level 2

General	This set-up menu is only available with MagicWave power sources.	
Opening the DC set-up menu - lev- el 2	 Open the DC set-up menu Select "2nd" welding parameter 	
	Press and hold the Store button	
	Press the Process button	
	The power source is now in the DC set-up menu - level 2. The last welding parameter selected is displayed.	
Changing weld- ing parameters	Use the left or right parameter selection button to select the welding parameter that you want to change	
	Use the adjusting dial to change the welding parameter value	
Exiting from the DC set-up menu -	Press the Store button	
	To exit from the DC set-up menu, press the Store button again	
Welding parame- ters in the DC set- up menu - level 2	"Minimum" and "maximum" are used for setting ranges that differ according to power source, wire-feed unit, welding program, etc.	
	rPl Reversed polarity Ignition	
	Unit -	
	Setting range ON / OFF	
	Factory setting OFF	
	 IMPORTANT! The rPI ignition function is only available on the MagicWave power source is not recommended for welding light-gauge sheets 	

Rod electrode setup menu

Opening the rod		Press the Mode button to select the MMA welding mode
electrode set-up menu		Press and hold the Store button
		Press the Mode button
		The power source is now in the rod electrode set-up menu. The last weld- ing parameter selected is displayed.
Changing weld- ing parameters	1	Use the left or right parameter selection button to select the welding pa- rameter that you want to change
	2	Use the adjusting dial to change the welding parameter value
Exiting the set-up menu	€	Press the Store button
Welding parame- ters in the rod electrode set-up menu	"Minimum" and source, wire-fee	"maximum" are used for setting ranges that differ according to power ed unit, welding program, etc.
	HotStart curren	it
	Unit	% (of main current I ₁)
	Setting range	0 - 200
	Factory setting	150
	Hti Hot-current tim	e
	Unit	s
	Setting range	0 - 2,0
	Factory setting	0,5
	To obtain optim function.	num welding results, it will sometimes be necessary to adjust the hotstart
	Benefits: - Improved i - Better fusio fects	gnition, even when using electrodes with poor ignition properties on of the base material in the start-up phase, meaning fewer cold-shut de-

- Largely prevents slag inclusions

dYn

dYn - arc force dynamic correction

Unit	-
Setting range	0 - 100
Factory setting	20
0	soft, low-spatter arc
100	harder, more stable arc

To obtain optimum welding results, it will sometimes be necessary to adjust the arc-force dynamic.

Functional principle:

at the instant of droplet transfer or when a short circuit occurs, there is a momentary rise in amperage. In order to obtain a stable arc, the welding current is temporarily increased. If the rod electrode threatens to sink into the weld pool, this measure prevents the weld pool solidifying, as well as preventing more prolonged short circuiting of the arc. This largely prevents the rod electrode from sticking.

FAC

Factory - Reset welding machine

- Press and hold the Store button for 2 s to reset the machine to the factory settings.
- When the digital display reads "PrG", the welding machine has been reset.

IMPORTANT! When the welding system is reset, all the personal settings in the set-up menu are lost. Jobs are not deleted when the welding machine is reset - these are preserved. Parameter settings in set-up menu - level 2 are not deleted.

2nd

set-up menu - level 2: second level of the set-up menu

Rod electrode setup menu: level 2

Opening the rod electrode set-up menu level 2	 i Open the rod electrode set-up menu Select "2nd" welding parameter i Press and hold the Store button Press the Mode button The power source is now in the rod electrode set-up menu - level 2. The last welding parameter selected is displayed.
Changing weld- ing parameters	 Use the left or right parameter selection button to select the welding parameter that you want to change Use the adjusting dial to change the welding parameter value
Exiting the rod electrode set-up menu - level 2	 Press the Store button The power source is now in the rod electrode set-up menu To exit from the rod electrode set-up menu, press the Store button again
Welding parame- ters in the rod electrode set-up menu level 2	 r r (resistance) - welding circuit resistance (in mOhm) see "Measuring welding circuit resistance r" L L (inductivity) - Welding circuit inductivity (in microhenry) see "Displaying welding circuit inductivity L"
	ASt Anti-stick Unit - Setting range ON / OFF Factory setting ON As the arc becomes shorter, the welding voltage may drop so far that the rod electrode will tend to stick. This may also cause the rod electrode to burn out. Electrode burn-out is prevented by activating the anti-stick function. If the rod electrode begins to stick, the power source immediately switches the welding current off. After the rod electrode has been detached from the workpiece, the welding process can be continued without any problems.

ELn

Electrode line - characteristic selection

Unit	1
Setting range	con or 0.1 - 20 or P
Factory setting	con



Characteristics that can be selected using the ELn function

"con" parameter (constant welding current)

- If the "con" parameter is set, the welding current will be kept constant, irrespective of the welding voltage. This results in a vertical characteristic (4).
- The "con" parameter is especially suitable for rutile electrodes and basic electrodes, as well as for arc air gouging.
- For arc air gouging, set the arc-force dynamic to "100".

Parameter "0.1 - 20" (drooping characteristic with adjustable slope)

- Parameter "0.1 20" is used to set a drooping characteristic (5). The setting range extends from 0.1 A / V (very steep) to 20 A / V (very flat).
- Setting a flat characteristic (5) is only advisable for cellulose electrodes.



NOTE! When setting a flat characteristic (5), set the arc-force dynamic to a higher value.

"P" parameter (constant welding power)

- If the "P" parameter is set, the welding power is kept constant, irrespective of the welding voltage and welding current. This results in a hyperbolic characteristic (6).
- The "P" parameter is particularly suitable for cellulose electrodes.



NOTE! If there are problems with a rod electrode tending to "stick", set the arcforce dynamic to a higher value.



- (1) Load line for rod electrode
- (2) Load line for rod electrode where arc length is increased
- (3) Load line for rod electrode where arc length is reduced
- (4) Characteristic where "CON" parameter is selected (constant welding current)
- Characteristic where "0.1 20" parameter is selected (drooping characteristic with adjustable slope)
- 6) Characteristic where "P" parameter is selected (constant welding power)
- Example of pre-set arc-force dynamic where characteristic (5) or (6) is selected
- (8) Possible change in the current where characteristic (5) or (6) is selected, as a function of the welding voltage (arc length)
- a) Operating point where arc length is long
- (b) Operating point when welding current IH is set
- c) Operating point where arc length is short

Setting example: I1 = 250 A, arc-force dynamic = 50

The characteristics (4), (5) and (6) shown here apply when using a rod electrode whose characteristic corresponds - at a given arc length - to the load line (1).

Depending on what welding current (I) has been set, the point of intersection (operating point) of characteristics (4), (5) and (6) will be displaced along the load line (1). The operating point provides information on the actual welding voltage and the actual welding current.

Where the welding current (I_1) is permanently set, the operating point may migrate along the characteristics (4), (5) and (6) depending on the welding voltage at that moment in time. The welding voltage U is dependent upon the length of the arc.

If the arc length changes (e.g. in accordance with the load line (2)) the resulting operating point will be the point where the corresponding characteristic (4), (5) or (6) intersects with the load line (2).

Applies to characteristics (5) and (6): Depending upon the welding voltage (arc length), the welding current (I) will also become either smaller or larger, even though the value set for I_1 remains the same.

Uco

U (Voltage) cut-off - Welding voltage limitation:

Unit	V
Setting range	OFF or 5 - 90
Factory setting	OFF

The arc length depends on the welding voltage. To end the welding process, it is usually necessary to significantly lift the rod electrode away from the workpiece. With the "Uco" parameter, the welding voltage can be limited to a value that makes it possible to end the welding operation simply by slightly lifting the rod electrode.



NOTE! If the welding process is stopped unintentionally during the welding, increase the value for the Uco parameter.

Measuring welding circuit resistance r



Displaying welding circuit inductivity L

General information on welding circuit inductivity L The way that the hosepack is arranged has a very significant effect on the weld properties. Particularly with pulsed-arc welding and AC welding, a high welding circuit inductivity may occur, depending on the length of the hosepack and on the way that it is arranged. The result is that the current rise is restricted.



Changing the way the hosepack is arranged may help to improve the welding results. The hosepack must be laid out as shown in the illustration.

Displaying welding circuit inductivity L

1

2

Measure the welding circuit resistance r

Select the set-up parameter "L" using the left or right parameter selection button. The right-hand digital display shows the welding circuit inductivity (e.g. 5 microhenrys)

Troubleshooting and maintenance

Troubleshooting

General

The digital power sources are equipped with an intelligent safety system. This means that apart from the fuse for the coolant pump, it has been possible to dispense with fuses entirely. After a possible malfunction or error has been remedied, the power source can be put back into normal operation again without any fuses having to be replaced.

Safety

7	WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. Before opening the device:
	- Move the mains switch to the "O" position

- Unplug the device from the mains
- Put up an easy-to-understand warning sign to stop anybody inadvertently switching it back on again
- Using a suitable measuring device, check that electrically charged parts (e.g. capacitors) have been discharged

CAUTION! Inadequate PE conductor connections can cause serious injury and damage. The housing screws provide a suitable PE conductor connection for earthing (grounding) the housing and must NOT be replaced by any other screws which do not provide a reliable PE conductor connection.

Displayed service codes

If any error message that is not described here appears on the displays, then the fault can only be fixed by After-Sales Service. Make a note of the error message shown in the display and of the serial number and configuration of the power source, and contact our After-Sales Service team with a detailed description of the error.

no Prg	
Cause:	No preconfigured program has been selected
Remedy:	Select a configured program
tP1 xxx	
Note: xxx st	ands for a temperature value
Cause:	Overtemperature in the primary circuit of the power source
Remedy:	Allow power source to cool down
tP2 xxx	
Note: xxx st	ands for a temperature value
Cause:	Overtemperature in the primary circuit of the power source
Remedy:	Allow power source to cool down
tP3 xxx	
Note: xxx st	ands for a temperature value
Cause:	Overtemperature in the primary circuit of the power source
Remedy:	Allow power source to cool down

tP4 | xxx

Note: xxx stands for a temperature value

Cause:	Overtemperature in the primary circuit of the power source
Remedy:	Allow power source to cool down

tP5 | xxx

Note: xxx stands for a temperature value

Cause: Overtemperature in the primary circuit of the power source Remedy: Allow power source to cool down

tP6 | xxx

Note: xxx stands for a temperature value

Cause:	Overtemperature in the primary circuit of the power source
Remedy:	Allow power source to cool down

tS1 | xxx

Note: xxx stands for a temperature value

Cause:	Overtemperature in the secondary circuit of the power source
Remedy:	Allow power source to cool down

tS2 | xxx

Note: xxx stands for a temperature value

Cause	:	Overtemperature in	the	secondary	circuit	of the	power	source
_								

Remedy: Allow power source to cool down

tS3 | xxx

Note: xxx stands for a temperature value

Cause:	Overtemperature in the secondary circuit of the power source
Remedy:	Allow power source to cool down

tSt | xxx

Note: xxx stands for a temperature value

Cause:	Overtemperature in the power source control circuit
Remedy:	Allow power source to cool down

Err | 049 Cause:

Remedy:	Check the mains fuse	the mains	lead and the	mains nlug
itemedy.		, וווכ ווומוווס	icau anu inc	mains plug

Err | 050Cause:Indirect symmetry errorRemedy:Contact After-Sales Service

Phase failure in power supply

Err | 051

Cause: Mains undervoltage: The mains voltage has dropped below the lower limit of the tolerance range (see section "Technical data") Remedy: Check the mains voltage

Err 052	
Cause:	Mains overvoltage: The mains voltage has exceeded the upper limit of the tol- erance range (see section "Technical data")
Remedy:	Check the mains voltage
no IGn	
Cause:	"Ignition time-out" function is active; current did not start flowing before the length of wire specified in the set-up menu had been fed. The power source safety cut-out has tripped.
Remedy:	Press the torch trigger repeatedly; clean the workpiece surface; if necessary, increase the time until the safety cut-out is triggered in the set-up menu: level 2
Err PE	
Cause:	The earth current watchdog has triggered the safety cut-out of the power source.
Remedy:	Switch off the power source, wait for 10 seconds and then switch it on again. If you have tried this several times and the error keeps recurring, contact After-Sales Service.
Err IP	
Cause:	Primary overcurrent
Remedy:	Contact After-Sales Service
Err bPS	
Cause:	Fault in power module
Remedy:	Contact After-Sales Service
dSP Axx	
Cause:	Fault in the central control and regulation unit
Remedy:	Contact After-Sales Service
dSP Cxx	
Cause:	Fault in the central control and regulation unit
Remedy:	Contact After-Sales Service
dSP Exx	
Cause:	Fault in the central control and regulation unit
Remedy:	Contact After-Sales Service
dSP Sy	
Cause:	Fault in the central control and regulation unit
Remedy:	Contact After-Sales Service
dSP nSy	
Cause:	Fault in the central control and regulation unit
Remedy:	Contact After-Sales Service
r E30	
Cause:	r-calibration: there is no contact with the workpiece
Remedy:	Connect up the grounding (earthing) cable; ensure a tight connection be- tween the electrode and the workpiece

	r E31 Cause: Remedy: r E33 Cause: Remedy: r E34	r-calibration: procedure has been interrupted by repeated pressing of the torch trigger or Gas test button. Ensure a tight connection between the electrode and the workpiece press the torch trigger or Gas test button once only r-calibration: poor contact between the tungsten electrode and the workpiece Clean the point of contact, check the earthing (grounding) connection			
	Cause: Remedy:	r-calibration: poor contact between the tungsten electrode and the workpiece Clean the point of contact, check the earthing (grounding) connection			
	no Arc Cause: Remedy:	Arc break Press the torch trigger repeatedly; clean the surface of the workpiece			
	no H2O Cause: Remedy:	Cooling unit flow watchdog has been triggered Check the cooling unit; if necessary, top up the coolant or bleed the system as described in "Putting the cooling unit into service"			
	hot H2O Cause: Remedy:	Thermostat on cooling unit has tripped Wait until the end of the cooling phase, i.e. until "Hot H2O" is no longer dis- played. ROB 5000 or field bus coupler for robot control: Before resuming welding, in- itialise the "Source error reset" signal.			
	-St oP- If the powe	er source is being used with a robot interface or a field bus			
	Cause: Remedy:	Robot not ready Initialise "Robot ready" signal, initialise "Source error reset" signal (N.B. "Source error reset" only available in conjunction with ROB 5000 and field bus coupler for robot control)			
Power source -	Power so	urce does not function			
troubleshooting	Mains switch is on, but indicators are not lit up				
	Cause: Remedy:	There is a break in the mains lead; the mains plug is not plugged in Check the mains lead, ensure that the mains plug is plugged in			
	Cause: Remedy:	Mains socket or mains plug faulty Replace faulty parts			
	Cause: Remedv:	Mains fuse protection Change the mains fuse protection			

No welding current

Mains switch is ON, overtemperature indicator is lit up

Cause:	Overload
Remedy:	Check duty cycle
Cause:	Thermostatic safety cut-out has tripped
Remedy:	Wait until the power source automatically comes back on after the end of the cooling phase
Cause:	The fan in the power source is faulty
Remedy:	Contact After-Sales Service

No welding current

Mains switch is on, indicators are lit up

Cause:	Grounding (earthing) connection is incorrect
Remedy:	Check the grounding (earthing) connection and terminal for correct polarity
Cause:	There is a break in the current cable in the welding torch
Remedy:	Replace welding torch

Nothing happens when the torch trigger is pressed

Mains switch is on, indicators are lit up

Cause:	The control plug is not plugged in
Remedy:	Plug in the control plug

Cause: Welding torch or welding torch control line is faulty

Remedy: Replace welding torch

No protective gas shield

All other functions are OK

Cause:	Gas cylinder is empty
Remedy:	Change the gas cylinder
Cause:	Gas pressure regulator is faulty
Remedy:	Change the gas pressure regulator
Cause:	Gas hose is not fitted or is damaged
Remedy:	Fit or change the gas hose
Cause:	Welding torch is faulty
Remedy:	Change the welding torch
Cause:	Gas solenoid valve is faulty
Remedy:	Contact After-Sales Service

Poor weld properties

Cause:	Incorrect welding parameters
Remedy:	Check the settings
Cause:	Grounding (earthing) connection is incorrect
Remedy:	Check the grounding (earthing) connection and terminal for correct polarity
The weldin	g torch becomes very hot
Cause:	The dimensions of the welding torch are inadequate
Remedy:	Observe the duty cycle and loading limits
Cause:	Only on water-cooled machines: water flow is insufficient
Remedy:	Check the water level, water flow rate, cleanliness, etc. If the coolant pump is blocked: use a screwdriver - placed on the bushing - to turn the coolant pump shaft
Cause: Remedy:	Only on water-cooled machines: C-C parameter is set to "OFF". In the set-up menu, set the C-C parameter to "Aut" or "ON".

Care, maintenance and disposal

General	Under normal operating conditions, the power source requires only a minimum of care an maintenance. However, it is vital to observe some important points to ensure it remains i a usable condition for many years.		
Safety	WARNING! Work that is carried out incorrectly can cause serious injury or dam- age. The activities described below must only be carried out by trained and qual- ified personnel. Observe the safety rules in the power source operating instructions.		
	 WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. Before opening the unit Turn the mains switch to the "O" position Unplug the device from the mains Put up an easy-to-understand warning sign to stop anybody inadvertently switching it back on again Using a suitable measuring device, check to make sure that electrically charged components (e.g. capacitors) have discharged 		
At every start-up	 Check mains plug, mains cable, welding torch, interconnecting hosepack and grounding (earthing) connection for damage Check that there is a gap of 0.5 m (1 ft. 8 in.) all around the device to ensure that cooling air can flow and escape unhindered NOTE! Air inlets and outlets must never be covered, not even partially. 		
Every 2 months	- If present: clean air filter		
Every 6 months	 Dismantle device side panels and clean inside of device with dry reduced compressed air NOTE! Risk of damage to electronic components. Do not bring air nozzle too close to electronic components. If a lot of dust has accumulated, clean the cooling air ducts. 		
Disposal	Dispose of in accordance with the applicable national and local regulations.		

Appendix

Technical data

Special voltages

NOTE! An inadequately dimensioned electrical installation can cause serious damage. The mains cable and its fuse must be dimensioned accordingly. The technical data shown on the rating plate applies.

MagicWave 1700 / 2200 Job

	MW 1700 Job	MW 2200 Job
Mains voltage	230 V	230 V
Mains voltage tolerance	-20 % / +15 %	-20 % / +15 %
Mains frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Mains fuse protection (slow-blow)	16 A	16 A
Mains connection ¹⁾	Restrictions possible	No restrictions
Primary continuous power (100% d.c. ²⁾)	3.3 kVA	3.7 kVA
Cos phi	0,99	0,99
Welding current range		
TIG	3 - 170 A	3 - 220 A
Electrode	10 - 140 A	10 - 180 A
Welding current at		
10 min/25 °C (77 °F) 40% d.c. ²⁾	170 A	220 A
10 min/25 °C (77 °F) 60% d.c. ²⁾	140 A	180 A
10 min/25 °C (77 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	110 A	150 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 35% d.c. ²⁾	170 A	220 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 60% d.c. ²⁾	130 A	170 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	100 A	150 A
Open circuit voltage	88 V	88 V
Working voltage		
TIG	10.1 - 16.8 V	10.1 - 18.8 V
Electrode	20.4 - 25.6 V	20.4 - 27.2 V
Striking voltage (U _p)	9.5 kV	9.5 kV
The arc striking voltage is suitable for man	ual operation.	
Degree of protection	IP 23	IP 23
Type of cooling	AF	AF
Insulation class	В	В
EMC emission class	А	А
(in accordance with EN/IEC 60974-10)		
Dimensions L x W x H (with handle)	485 / 180 / 344 mm 19.1 / 7.1 / 13.6 in.	485 / 180 / 390 mm 19.1 / 7.1 / 15.4 in.
Weight (without handle)	14.6 kg 30.8 lb.	17.4 kg 38.3 lb.
Weight (with handle)	15 kg 33 lb.	17.8 kg 39.2 lb.
Mark of conformity	S, CE	S, CE

MagicWave 2500 / 3000 Job

	MW 2500 Job	MW 3000 Job
Mains voltage	3 x 400 V	3 x 400 V
Mains voltage tolerance	± 15 %	± 15 %
Mains frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Mains fuse protection (slow-blow)	16 A	16 A
Mains connection ¹⁾	Z _{max} at PCC ³⁾ = 122 mOhm	Z _{max} at PCC ³⁾ = 87 mOhm
Primary continuous power (100% d.c. ²⁾)	4.7 kVA	5.5 kVA
Cos phi	0,99	0,99
Welding current range		
TIG	3 - 250 A	3 - 300 A
Electrode	10 - 250 A	10 - 300 A
Welding current at		
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 35% d.c. ²⁾	-	300 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 40% d.c. ²⁾	250 A	-
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	180 A	200 A
Open circuit voltage	89 V	89 V
Working voltage		
TIG	10.1 - 20.0 V	10.1 - 22.0 V
Electrode	20.4 - 30.0 V	20.4 - 32.0 V
Striking voltage (U _p)	10 kV	10 kV
The arc striking voltage is suitable for man	nual operation.	
Degree of protection	IP 23	IP 23
Type of cooling	AF	AF
Insulation class	В	В
EMC emission class (in accordance with EN/IEC 60974-10)	A	A
Dimensions L x W x H (with handle)	560 / 250 / 435 mm 22.0 / 9.8 / 17.1 in.	560 / 250 / 435 mm 22.0 / 9.8 / 17.1 in.
Weight	26.6 kg 58.64 lb.	28.1 kg 61.95 lb.
Mark of conformity	S, CE	S, CE

MagicWave 2500 / 3000 Job MV

	MW 2500 Job MV	MW 3000 Job MV
Mains voltage	3 x 200 - 240 V 3 x 400 - 460 V 1 x 200 - 240 V	3 x 200 - 240 V 3 x 400 - 460 V 1 x 200 - 240 V
Mains voltage tolerance	± 10 %	± 10 %
Mains frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Mains fuse protection (slow-blow)		
3 x 400 - 460 V 3 x 200 - 240 V 1 x 200 - 240 V	16 A 32 A 32 A	16 A 32 A 32 A
Mains connection ¹⁾	Z _{max} at PCC ³⁾ = 122 mOhm	Z _{max} at PCC ³⁾ = 87 mOhm

	MW 2500 Job MV	MW 3000 Job MV
Primary continuous power (100% d.c. ²⁾)		
3 x 400 - 460 V	4.8 kVA	5.1 kVA
3 x 200 - 240 V	4.4 kVA	4.9 kVA
1 x 200 - 240 V	3.9 KVA	4.3 KVA
	0,99	0,99
Welding current range (3-phase)		
TIG	3 - 250 A	3 - 300 A
Electrode	10 - 250 A	10 - 300 A
Welding current range (single phase)		
TIG	3 - 220 A	3 - 220 A
Electrode	10 - 180 A	10 - 180 A
Welding current at 3 x 400 - 460 V		
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 35% d.c. ²⁾	-	300 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 40% d.c. ²⁾	250 A	-
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	180 A	190 A
Welding current at 3 x 200 - 240 V		
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 30% d.c. ²⁾	-	300 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 35% d.c. ²⁾	250 A	-
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	160 A	180 A
Welding current at 1 x 200 - 240 V		
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 40% d.c. ²⁾	220 A	-
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 50% d.c. ²⁾	-	220 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	150 A	160 A
Open circuit voltage	89 V	89 V
Working voltage		
TIG	10.1 - 20.0 V	10.1 - 22.0 V
Electrode	20.4 - 30.0 V	20.4 - 32.0 V
Striking voltage (U _n)	10 kV	10 kV
The arc striking voltage is suitable for mar	nual operation.	
Degree of protection	IP 23	IP 23
Type of cooling	AF	AF
Insulation class	В	В
EMC emission class	A	А
(in accordance with EN/IEC 60974-10)		
Dimensions L x W x H (with handle)	560 / 250 / 435 mm 22.0 / 9.8 / 17.1 in.	560 / 250 / 435 mm 22.0 / 9.8 / 17.1 in.
Weight	28.2 kg 62.17 lb.	30 kg 66.14 lb
Mark of conformity	S, CE	S, CE

MagicWave 4000 / 5000 Job

	MW 4000 Job	MW 5000 Job
Mains voltage	3 x 400 V	3 x 400 V
Mains voltage tolerance	± 15 %	± 15 %
Mains frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz

	MW 4000 Job	MW 5000 Job
Mains fuse protection (slow-blow)	35 A	35 A
Mains connection ¹⁾	Restrictions possible	Restrictions possible
Primary continuous power (100% d.c. ²⁾)	15.5 kVA	17.9 kVA
Cos phi	0,99	0,99
Welding current range		
TIG	3 - 400 A	3 - 500 A
Electrode	10 - 400 A	10 - 440 A
Welding current at		
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 40% d.c. ²⁾	-	500 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 45% d.c. ²⁾	400 A	-
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 60% d.c. ²⁾	365 A	440 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	310 A	350 A
Open circuit voltage	90 V	90 V
Working voltage		
TIG	10.1 - 26.0 V	10.1 - 30.0 V
Electrode	20.4 - 36.0 V	20.4 - 37.6 V
Striking voltage (U _p)	9.5 kV	9.5 kV
The arc striking voltage is suitable for man	nual operation.	
Degree of protection	IP 23	IP 23
Type of cooling	AF	AF
Insulation class	F	F
EMC emission class (in accordance with EN/IEC 60974-10)	A	A
Dimensions L x W x H (with handle)	625 / 290 / 705 mm 24.6 / 11.4 / 27.8 in.	625 / 290 / 705 mm 24.6 / 11.4 / 27.8 in.
Weight	58.2 kg 128 lb.	58.2 kg 128 lb.
Mark of conformity	S, CE	S, CE

MagicWave
4000 / 5000 Job
MV

	MW 4000 Job MV	MW 5000 Job MV
Mains voltage	3 x 200 - 240 V	3 x 200 - 240 V
	3 x 380 - 460 V	3 x 380 - 460 V
Mains voltage tolerance	± 10 %	± 10 %
Mains frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Mains fuse protection (slow-blow)	63/35 A	63/35 A
Mains connection ¹⁾	Restrictions possible	Restrictions possible
Primary continuous power (100% d.c. ²⁾)	13.9 kVA	16.5 kVA
Cos phi	0,99	0,99
Welding current range		
TIG	3 - 400 A	3 - 500 A
Electrode	10 - 400 A	10 - 440 A

	MW 4000 Job MV	MW 5000 Job MV
Welding current at		
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 40% d.c. ²⁾	-	500 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 45% d.c. ²⁾	400 A	-
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 60% d.c. ²⁾	360 A	440 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	300 A	350 A
Open circuit voltage	90 V	90 V
Working voltage		
TIG	10.1 - 26.0 V	10.1 - 30.0 V
Electrode	20.4 - 36.0 V	20.4 - 37.6 V
Striking voltage (U _p)	9.5 kV	9.5 kV
The arc striking voltage is suitable for manual operation.		
Degree of protection	IP 23	IP 23
Type of cooling	AF	AF
Insulation class	F	F
EMC emission class (in accordance with EN/IEC 60974-10)	A	A
Dimensions L x W x H (with handle)	625 / 290 / 705 mm 24.6 / 11.4 / 27.8 in.	625 / 290 / 705 mm 24.6 / 11.4 / 27.8 in.
Weight	60 kg 132.30 lb.	60 kg 132.30 lb.
Mark of conformity	S, CE, CSA	S, CE, CSA

TransTig 800 / 2200 Job

	TT 800 Job	TT 2200 Job
Mains voltage	230 V	230 V
Mains voltage tolerance	-20 % / +15 %	-20 % / +15 %
Mains frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Mains fuse protection (slow-blow)	16 A	16 A
Mains connection ¹⁾	Restrictions possible	No restrictions
Primary continuous power (100% d.c. ²⁾)	2.1 kVA	3.0 kVA
Cos phi	0,99	0,99
Welding current range		
TIG	0.5 - 80 A	3 - 220 A
Electrode	10 - 80 A	10 - 180 A
Welding current at		
10 min/25 °C (77 °F) 50% d.c. ²⁾	-	220 A
10 min/25 °C (77 °F) 60% d.c. ²⁾	-	200 A
10 min/25 °C (77 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	80 A	170 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 40% d.c. ²⁾	-	220 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 60% d.c. ²⁾	80 A	180 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	70 A	150 A
Open circuit voltage	85 V	84 V
Working voltage		
TIG	10.0 - 13.2 V	10.1 - 18.8 V
Electrode	10.4 - 23.2 V	20.4 - 27.2 V

	TT 800 Job	TT 2200 Job
Striking voltage (U _p)	9.0 kV	9.5 kV
The arc striking voltage is suitable for man	nual operation.	
Degree of protection	IP 23	IP 23
Type of cooling	AF	AF
Insulation class	В	В
EMC emission class (in accordance with EN/IEC 60974-10)	А	A
Dimensions L x W x H (with handle)	485 / 180 / 344 mm 19.1 / 7.1 / 13.5 in.	485 / 180 / 390 mm 19.1 / 7.1 / 15.4 in.
Weight (without handle)	14.2 kg 31.3 lb.	16.4 kg 37 lb.
Weight (with handle)	-	16.8 kg 37 lb.
Mark of conformity	S, CE	S, CE

TransTig 2500 / 3000 Job

	TT 2500 Job	TT 3000 Job	
Mains voltage	3 x 400 V	3 x 400 V	
Mains voltage tolerance	± 15 %	± 15 %	
Mains frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	
Mains fuse protection (slow-blow)	16 A	16 A	
Mains connection ¹⁾	Z _{max} at PCC ³⁾ = 172 mOhm	Z _{max} at PCC ³⁾ = 97 mOhm	
Primary continuous power (100% d.c. ²⁾)	5.1 kVA	5.7 kVA	
Cos phi	0,99	0,99	
Welding current range			
TIG	3 - 250 A	3 - 300 A	
Electrode	10 - 250 A	10 - 300 A	
Welding current at			
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 45% d.c. ²⁾	-	300 A	
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 50% d.c. ²⁾	250 A	-	
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 60% d.c. ²⁾	240 A	270 A	
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	210 A	230 A	
Open circuit voltage	85 V	85 V	
Working voltage			
TIG	10.1 - 20.0 V	10.1 - 22.0 V	
Electrode	20.4 - 30.0 V	20.1 - 32.0 V	
Striking voltage (U _p)	10 kV	10 kV	
The arc striking voltage is suitable for manual operation.			
Degree of protection	IP 23	IP 23	
Type of cooling	AF	AF	
Insulation class	В	В	
EMC emission class (in accordance with EN/IEC 60974-10)	A	A	
Dimensions L x W x H (with handle)	560 / 250 / 435 mm 22.0 / 9.8 / 17.1 in.	560 / 250 / 435 mm 22.0 / 9.8 / 17.1 in.	

	TT 2500 Job	TT 3000 Job
Weight	24.2 kg	24.2 kg
	53.35 lb.	53.35 lb.
Mark of conformity	S, CE	S, CE

TransTig _____ 2500 / 3000 Job ____ MV ____ N

	TT 2500 Job MV	TT 3000 Job MV
Mains voltage	3 x 200 - 240 V 3 x 400 - 460 V 1 x 200 - 240 V	3 x 200 - 240 V 3 x 400 - 460 V 1 x 200 - 240 V
Mains voltage tolerance	+ 10 %	+ 10 %
Mains frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Mains fuse protection (slow-blow)		
3 x 400 - 460 V	16 A	16 A
3 x 200 - 240 V	32 A	32 A
1 x 200 - 240 V	32 A	32 A
Mains connection ¹⁾	Z _{max} at PCC ³⁾ = 172 mOhm	Z _{max} at PCC ³⁾ = 97 mOhm
Primary continuous power (100% d.c. ²⁾)		
3 x 400 - 460 V	4.7 kVA	5.9 kVA
3 x 200 - 240 V	4.1 kVA	5.0 kVA
1 X 200 - 240 V	4.3 KVA	4.3 KVA
Cos phi	0,99	0,99
Welding current range (3-phase)		
TIG	3 - 250 A	3 - 300 A
Electrode	10 - 250 A	10 - 300 A
Welding current range (single phase)		
TIG	3 - 220 A	3 - 220 A
Electrode	10 - 180 A	10 - 180 A
Welding current at 3 x 400 - 460 V		
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 45% d.c. ²⁾	-	300 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 50% d.c. ²⁾	250 A	-
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	200 A	240 A
Welding current at 3 x 200 - 240 V		
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 35% d.c. ²⁾	-	300 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 40% d.c. ²⁾	250 A	-
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	180 A	210 A
Welding current at 1 x 200 - 240 V		
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 50% d.c. ²⁾	220 A	-
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 55% d.c. ²⁾	-	220 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	190 A	190 A
Open circuit voltage	85 V	85 V
Working voltage		
TIG	10.1 - 20.0 V	10.1 - 22.0 V
		00 4 00 0 4
Electrode	20.4 - 30.0 V	20.4 - 32.0 V
Electrode Striking voltage (U _n)	20.4 - 30.0 V 10 kV	20.4 - 32.0 V 10 kV

	TT 2500 Job MV	TT 3000 Job MV
Degree of protection	IP 23	IP 23
Type of cooling	AF	AF
Insulation class	В	В
EMC emission class (in accordance with EN/IEC 60974-10)	A	A
Dimensions L x W x H (with handle)	560 / 250 / 435 mm 22.0 / 9.8 / 17.1 in.	560 / 250 / 435 mm 22.0 / 9.8 / 17.1 in.
Weight	25.9 kg 57.10 lb.	25.9 kg 57.10 lb.
Mark of conformity	S, CE	S, CE

TransTig 4000 / 5000 Job

	TT 4000 Job	TT 5000 Job
Mains voltage	3 x 400 V	3 x 400 V
Mains voltage tolerance	± 15 %	± 15 %
Mains frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Mains fuse protection (slow-blow)	35 A	35 A
Mains connection ¹⁾	Restrictions possible	Restrictions possible
Primary continuous power (100% d.c. ²⁾)	11.8 kVA	15.1 kVA
Cos phi	0,99	0,99
Welding current range		
TIG	3 - 400 A	3 - 500 A
Electrode	10 - 400 A	10 - 500 A
Welding current at		
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 40% d.c. ²⁾	-	500 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 45% d.c. ²⁾	400 A	-
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 60% d.c. ²⁾	365 A	450 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	310 A	350 A
Open circuit voltage	86 V	86 V
Working voltage		
TIG	10.1 - 26.0 V	10.1 - 30.0 V
Electrode	20.4 - 36.0 V	20.4 - 40.0 V
Striking voltage (Up)	9.5 kV	9.5 kV
The arc striking voltage is suitable for man	ual operation.	
Degree of protection	IP 23	IP 23
Type of cooling	AF	AF
Insulation class	F	F
EMC emission class (in accordance with EN/IEC 60974-10)	A	A
Dimensions L x W x H (with handle)	625 / 290 / 475 mm 24.6 / 11.4 / 18.7 in.	625 / 290 / 475 mm 24.6 / 11.4 / 18.7 in.
Weight	39.8 kg 87.7 lb.	39.8 kg 87.7 lb.
Mark of conformity	S, CE	S, CE

TransTig 4000 / 5000 Job MV

	TT 4000 Job MV	TT 5000 Job MV
Mains voltage	3 x 200 - 240 V 3 x 380 - 460 V	3 x 200 - 240 V 3 x 380 - 460 V
Mains voltage tolerance	± 10 %	± 10 %
Mains frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Mains fuse protection (slow-blow)	63/35 A	63/35 A
Mains connection ¹⁾	Restrictions possible	Restrictions possible
Primary continuous power (100% d.c. ²⁾)	11.5 kVA	14.2 kVA
Cos phi	0,99	0,99
Welding current range		
TIG	3 - 400 A	3 - 500 A
Electrode	10 - 400 A	10 - 500 A
Welding current at		
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 40% d.c. ²⁾	-	500 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 45% d.c. ²⁾	400 A	-
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 60% d.c. ²⁾	360 A	440 A
10 min/40 °C (104 °F) 100% d.c. ²⁾	300 A	350 A
Open circuit voltage	86 V	86 V
Working voltage		
TIG	10.1 - 26.0 V	10.1 - 30.0 V
Electrode	20.4 - 36.0 V	20.4 - 40.0 V
Striking voltage (U _p)	9.5 kV	9.5 kV
The arc striking voltage is suitable for man	nual operation.	
Degree of protection	IP 23	IP 23
Type of cooling	AF	AF
Insulation class	F	F
EMC emission class (in accordance with EN/IEC 60974-10)	A	A
Dimensions L x W x H (with handle)	625 / 290 / 475 mm 24.6 / 11.4 / 18.7 in.	625 / 290 / 475 mm 24.6 / 11.4 / 18.7 in.
Weight	42.0 kg 92.6 lb.	42.0 kg 92.6 lb.
Mark of conformity	S, CE, CSA	S, CE, CSA

Explanation of footnotes

1)

2)

3)

connected to public mains supply with 230 / 400 V and 50 \mbox{Hz}

- d.c. = duty cycle
- PCC = interface to the public grid

Terms and abbreviations used

General	The terms and abbreviations listed here are used in connection with functions that are ei- ther included in the standard scope of supply or that are available as optional extras.
Terms and abbre-	
viations A - C	ACF AC frequency
	ACS Automatic current switch Switchover to main current
	Arc Arc Arc break watchdog
	ASt Anti-stick For reducing the effect of a "sticking" rod electrode (MMA welding)
	bAL Balance When "bAL" is selected for the external parameter "E-P", the balance on the JobMaster TIG welding torch can be adjusted.
	C-C Cooling unit control
	COr Correction Gas correction; modification of the digital gas control to different protective gas shields (digital gas control option)
	C-t Cooling time Time from when the flow watchdog is triggered until the "no H2O" service code is output.
Terms and abbre- viations D - E	dcY duty cycle Ratio of pulse duration to base current duration (in TIG AC welding)
	dt1 delay-time 1 Wirefeed start delay time (only where an optional cold wire-feed unit is connected)
	dt2 delay-time 2 Wirefeed end delay time (only where an optional cold wire-feed unit is connected)
	dYn dynamic Arc force dynamic correction for standard arcs, pulse correction for pulsed arcs or correc- tion of various welding parameters in CMT (job correction or arc force dynamic and pulse correction settings in the set-up menu for the Standard control panel)

	Eld Electrode diameter When "Eld" is selected for the external parameter "E-P", the electrode diameter on the JobMaster TIG welding torch can be adjusted.		
	ELn Electrode line Characteristic selection (MMA welding)		
	E-P External parameter Freely selectable welding parameter for the JobMaster TIG welding torch		
Torms and abbro-			
viations F	FAC Factory Reset welding machine		
	FCO Feeder control Wire-feed unit cut-out (wire end sensor option)		
	Fd.1 Feeder1 Wire feed speed 1 (only where an optional cold wire-feed unit is connected)		
	Fd.2 Feeder2 Wire feed speed 2 (only where an optional cold wire-feed unit is connected)		
	Fdb Feeder backward Withdraws wire to prevent it from being burned at the welding end (cold wire-feed unit op- tion).		
	Fdi Feeder inching Feeder inching speed		
	F-P Frequency-Pulse Pulse frequency		
Terms and abbre-			
viations G - H	GAS Gasflow Set value for protective gas shield flow		
	G-H Gas post-flow time high Gas post-flow time at maximum welding current		
	G-L Gas post-flow time low Gas post-flow time at minimum welding current		
	GPR Gas pre-flow time		

GPU

Gas purger

HCU

Hot-start current (MMA welding)	
HFt High frequency time High frequency ignition	
Hti Hot-current time (MMA welding)	

Terms and abbreviations I - P

I-E I (current) - End Final current	
I-G I (current) - Ground Ground current	
lo AC current offset	
I-S I (current) - Starting Starting current	
Ito Ignition time-out	
L L (inductivity) Displays welding circuit indu	uctivity
nEG negative Negative half-wave (TIG AC	c welding)
PhA Phase Adjustment Phase adjustment of the ma welding	ains connection of two power sources for simultaneous AC
Pos Positive Positive half-wave (TIG AC	welding)
Pri Pre Ignition - delayed high f	requency ignition
PPU Push-pull unit For selecting and calibrating	g the connected push-pull unit
r	

Terms and abbreviations R - 2nd

r (resistance)

Determine welding circuit resistance

rPi

reverse polarity ignition

SEt

Setting Country-specific setting (Standard / USA)

SFS

Special four-step mode

SPt

Spot welding time

STS

Special Two Step Special 2-step mode for HF ignition after touching the workpiece

tAC

Tacking function

t-E

time - End current Final current duration

t-S

time - Starting current Starting current duration

Uco

U (Voltage) cut-off

Welding voltage limitation during MMA welding Makes it possible to stop the welding process by slightly raising the rod electrode.

2nd

Second level of set-up menu
Spare parts and circuit diagrams

Spare parts list: TT 800 / 2200 Job, MW 1700 / 2200 Job, TT 2200, MW 1700 / 2200





Spare parts list: TransTig / MagicWave 2500 / 3000





Spare parts list: TransTig 4000 / 5000





Spare parts list: MagicWave 4000 / 5000







Maahantuonti ja myynti:



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